"Scarlet Lies," a Thrilling Romance of Boston, the

BEST LOVE STORY EVER WRITTEN

Begins in the Boston American Next Saturday

THE WEATHER.

For Boston and vicinity: Fair to-night; Friday, fair and somewhat warmer; light winds, generally westerly.

High water: 5:31 a. m., 9:17 p. m.

HEARST'S

BOSTON AMERICAN

THE TWENTIETH CENTURY NEWSPAPER

AND NEW YORK JOURNAL

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THURSDAY PRICE ONE CENT.

Big fire in Boston—Burglar shot dead—1,000 massacred in Baku—Millionaire kills sixty rioters—Amazing mystery in poisoning of Mrs. Stanford—John L. Sullivan challenges Fitzsimmons to fight—Kuropatkin in Peril—New charges in Gas War.

GAS TRUST ACT, LAWSON SAYS, IS A STEAL

Standard Oil in Palmiest Days Not Equal to It, Declares Broker at Hearing Before Legislative Committee To-day.

The BOSTON AMERICAN'S fight for cheaper gas and a fair capitalization for the Gas Trust, came to a climax at the hearing at the State House, before the Committee on Public Lighting, to-day, when Thomas W. Lawson made a speech of more than an hour's duration, in which he told the committee the history of the formation of the Massachusetts Gas Companies. "The ideal trust," he called it, and he said that Standard Oil, which controls the company, is the essence of purity compared with it. "This is the biggest stock jobbing scheme ever put up in America," he said. "It's a steal."

The committee room was filled to the doors, although it had not been anticipated that anything more than the routine of the hearing—perhaps the reply of the Gas Trust to the flaying it has received from the speakers for the other citizens of the State—would make the day's proceedings. When Mr. Lawson rose to speak the spectators and the committee were equally surprised.

MR. LAWSON SPEAKS.

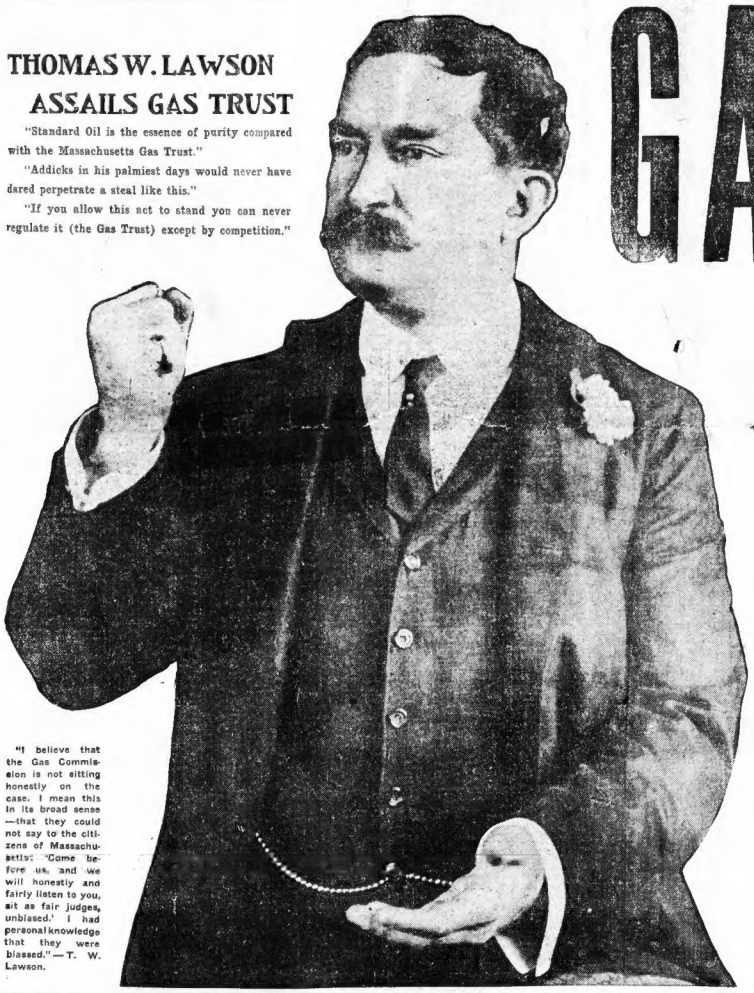
Mr. Lawson stood at the head of the committee table and spoke slowly and not very loudly at first. Later he became more enthusiastic, and as he reached the culmination of his description of the crimes of Massachusetts gas his voice resounded through the room.

"I had not meant to appear before this committee and give information on this most important and vital question until I listened yesterday to the truthful argument and prose poetry of that most able champion of the people, John B. Moran. I heard him say that I had lost interest in this question to which, for so many years, I have given so much of my time and energy. I want to say to Mr. Moran, to the gas consumers and to my fellow-citizens of Massachusetts, that I have not lost interest in this question. I have to-day a greater interest in it than I have had in all the years I have been concerned with the question of gas.

WOULD NOT KEEP SILENT.

"But for a time I have had to smother my interest. I have a duty to the State, but I have also a duty to myself. When it became necessary for me to spend hours and days listening to the maunderings of an alleged expert before the Gas Commissioners, a man who knew no more of the question he was discussing than a babe unborn; when I witnessed for days and hours the grave noddings and the serious rulings made by the Massachusetts Gas Commission, men

Continued on 4th Page, 1st Column.



THOMAS W. LAWSON ASSAILS GAS TRUST

"Standard Oil is the essence of purity compared with the Massachusetts Gas Trust."

"Addicks in his palmiest days would never have dared perpetrate a steal like this."

"If you allow this act to stand you can never regulate it (the Gas Trust) except by competition."

"I believe that the Gas Commission is not sitting honestly on the case. I mean this in its broad sense—that they could not say to the citizens of Massachusetts: 'Come before us, and we will honestly and fairly listen to you, sit as fair judges, unbiased.' I had personal knowledge that they were biassed."—T. W. Lawson.

INCENDIARY SETS BIG LUMBER YARD ABLAZE; LOSS WILL BE $100,000

BLACKER & SHEPARD'S ALBANY STREET PLANT DAMAGED.

Fire, which is claimed by members of the firm and employes to have been incendiary, destroyed about a third of the immense lumber yards of Blacker & Shepard, 350 Albany street, to-day. Three alarms brought out the pick of the fire fighting force of the city, and the men fought in clouds of suffocating smoke that several times drove them from their posts.

Mr. Blacker of the firm says that their loss will be over $100,000. They carried stock valued at nearly $300,000. It is fully insured.

Says Fire Was Set.

Howard C. Morse, secretary of the concern, declared the fire was set. "I haven't the slightest doubt but what this is another of the mysterious fires which have bothered the lumber districts and that it was deliberately set," Mr. Morse said to a BOSTON AMERICAN reporter.

So quickly did the fire spread that employes in the office were driven into the street, carrying with them valuable papers which were cared for in other offices.

Three minutes before the fire was discovered there was not the slightest sign of trouble about the yards. Foreman James Holland was at work with two other employes about the yards. Mr. Blacker, Mr. Morse and Mr. Barker of the firm were in the office with several clerks, among them two young women.

Foreman Holland discovered the fire in the store shed between driveways 2 and 3. He called for water buckets and tackled the flames. They spread so rapidly that Mr. Holland ran to the nearest fire box and gave the alarm.

Mr. Morse and Mr. Barker, at the same time detected smoke, traced it to driveway four. It appeared so small that they tackled it with their hats. A moment later sheets of flame that seemed to rise from several places at once, drove them back in haste. They rushed to the office and commenced to remove their papers.

The lumberyard was a mass of flame when District Chief Grady drove up. He promptly ordered a third alarm which brought apparatus from all sections of the city. For a time the fire seemed to spread.

It caught sheds between driveways three, four and five, and these were quickly a mass of flames. At the same time the fire was discovered making progress toward the water end of the yard.

The firehost arrived at a critical time and turned every one of its big guns from the water front. Having the fire between two sections of the lighting force it was prevented from getting all through the yard.

Fire Marshal's Aid James Dunn communicated the facts over the telephone to Deputy Chief Neal of the State police. He was ordered to conduct a careful investigation. Other aids will be sent to examine every person who could know anything about the origin of the blaze.

There are six driveways on the wharf and they are filled with lumber up to the fullest capacity. The firm was getting ready for the spring trade and carried one of the largest stocks of the year. They are fully insured.

The yards are owned by the estate of F. C. Brigham.

An hour after the fire started there was little flame in sight, but the thick volumes of black smoke rose high in air. Those firemen who were nearest the blaze had to be relieved at intervals of ten minutes. Many men were overcome and had to be revived in the street.

17 INDICTED BY U.S. GRAND JURY

The Federal Grand Jury to-day reported seventeen indictments to Judge Lowell in the United States Circuit Court.

Frank A. Dolan, night foreman in the Back Bay Postoffice, was indicted on a charge of stealing letters containing money. He was arrested February 22 and pleaded guilty before United States Commissioner.

Edward J. Cooper, [illegible] was also indicted for breaking into the postoffices at East Hollliston and Meadon, as were Francis D. Sharon and Frank Martin charged with postoffice robberies at Millbury and Worcester.

CRANBERRY PIONEER DIES.

LIBERTY, Me., March 2.—Daniel Clark, for years the principal contractor of cranberry cooperage in Massachusetts and the first man to recognize the importance of the industry, is dead here at the age of seventy-four.

CHINESE PLOT BEHIND THE STANFORD DEATH MYSTERY

Clue to Her Death Sought in Medicine Chest Left at San Francisco.

Honolulu, March 2.—Within a medicine chest in San Francisco, police authorities here declare, lies a clue to the solution of the mysterious poisoning and death of Mrs. Leland Stanford, the second wealthiest woman in the world, founder of Leland Stanford University, widow of the late Senator Leland Stanford. Examination of this chest, authorities here say, will show beyond question that various of the medicines there contain strychnine in large

Continued on 2d Page, 1st Column.

34 HURT IN CAR CRASH

An inward-bound Neponset electric had part of its front vestibule ripped off by running down a heavy dray of J. G. & B. S. Ferguson at the corner of Hampton street and Norfolk avenue to-day. Thirty-four passengers were in the car and all were shaken up. Motorman D. Gillis received a cut over his left eye. Driver Thomas Graves of the dray was thrown to the ground and bruised.

E. W. Newcomb, who was sitting next to the front door of the car, had a narrow escape from being caught in the crash.

The accident was caused by slippery rails.

EARLY FIRE IN SOUTH BOSTON

Two alarms were sounded from box 152 about midnight for a fire in the building at the corner of A and Richard streets, South Boston, which did $10,000 damage. The Bay State Belting Company are the occupants.

MRS. LELAND STANFORD DEAD IN OCEAN POISON MYSTERY

One of Country's Richest and Most Benevolent Women Lost Ocean Race She Began to Escape Death by Poison.

Continued from First Page.

quantities. Mrs. Stanford's death, they also believe, is due to a great cadaveric contraction.

To-day an analytical chemist declared that the bicarbonate of soda which Mrs. Stanford took contained strychnine. The autopsy proves the presence of strychnine in the body. On the previous occasions when poison was administered to Mrs. Stanford there was a theory that it might have been done by Chinese. Developments here subsequent to that theory in part.

Discharged Chinese Servants.

Just before the first attempt on Mrs. Stanford's life was made she had announced her intention of dismissing all her Chinese servants, save one. This she did. The attempt on her life followed almost immediately. The police authorities here say that this one act furnished a motive, and that some crafty Chinese probably placed poison in Mrs. Stanford's medicine chest. It was known that she took a great deal of medicine, particularly bi-carbonate of soda and pills.

Thus the solution of the mystery is put upon the San Francisco authorities. The police of Honolulu are at the end of their ability to do anything. There is no suspicion plausible to them save that the plot had its origin in San Francisco. They have so advised the authorities of that city.

Report of the fact that there was strychnine in the soda was made to-day by R. A. Duncan, the Territorial Food Commissioner and Chemist. Now the authorities are fully convinced that Mrs. Stanford's last words, "I have been poisoned, they are trying to kill me," were warranted by a knowledge that a carefully laid plot was on foot to slay her. In her expiring breath she cried: "I have been poisoned."

Mrs. Stanford was violently ill less than an hour, and her suffering was that of a man for Honolulu some days ago, after having poison victim.

Strychnine was found by a physician in a glass from which she drank a few minutes before she was stricken.

It was because of the fear of death from devilish hands that Mrs. Stanford fled to this city four weeks ago. It was the horror of being slowly murdered that drove her from her home in San Francisco, crying:

"They are trying to kill me—murder me."

BOUGHT SODA IN FRISCO.

She told that to two persons on board the Koree, while on the seas fleeing from the beautiful villers she had helped to make them. The death of her adopted son, poisoning at her home in San Francisco on January 14, which was published widely a few days ago, was discussed at that time. There were various theories. Some of these settled on the fact, however, that she was being hunted by one or more persons who wanted her life.

In her bedroom at the hotel where she died was found more poison. In the glass from which she had drunk of bicarbonate of soda, a harmless substance was a sediment, which her attending physician, after testing of it, said was strychnine.

The bottle of medicine she had bought in San Francisco, but at what time it is not known.

STRYCHNINE IN BOTTLE.

In accordance with the local law, a coroner's jury was immediately impaneled and viewed the remains in the hotel. The members of this jury were W. A. Ingram, proprietor, and J. H. Hertsche, manager of the hotel; T. A. Hugo, J. Dudley and J. W. Harvey, guests, and E. J. Conlan, who lived near the scene. Dr. Humphreys appointed Former Judge Stanley, who is a member of the board of health after the interests of Mrs. Stanford's estate developed. Stanley consulted Professor David Starr Jordan, president of the Leland Stanford University, asking for instructions. President Jordan replied, approving the action of the physicians and requesting Judge Stanley to act.

"I HAVE BEEN POISONED."

High Sheriff Henry and Deputy Sheriff Rawlins are conducting the investigation, with the assistance of the police officials. Dr. Humphreys made the following statement to the HOSTON AMERICAN correspondent:

"When I was called in I found Mrs. Stanford in complete collapse and applied the quickest remedies, but it was not possible to save her life. Mrs. Stanford said to me:

"'Doctor, I have been poisoned.'

"Mrs. Stanford's condition seemed to indicate strychnine poisoning. Between convulsions her mind was unusually active, and she said:

"'This is the second time they have tried it. They tried it last January, and I came here to avoid them.'

"I tasted the contents of the bottle," continued Dr. Humphreys. "Before making an analysis I am unable to swear it contained strychnine, but I am perfectly positive that it does."

ENOUGH TO KILL TWENTY.

Mrs. Henry Higbien said that Mrs. Stanford said to her shortly after arriving here:

"The reason I left San Francisco was because an attempt had been made on my life—an attempt to poison me—and enough poison was used to kill twenty persons."

Mrs. Stanford sailed from San Francisco four previously near being killed by poison administered in water on January 14. She believed that she had been poisoned by water. When the water bottle, half filled, was taken to a chemist for analysis the day following, his report was that it contained strychnine. The San Francisco police were aroused instantly, but they soon dismissed the theory that California's richest woman had been given poison.

She was so hysterical immediately following the event, however, that her physician declined to allow her to leave. She sailed on the steamship Korea, and disembarked at Honolulu on February 21. With her was her regular retinue of servants.

HAD BEEN AT A PICNIC.

Tuesday Mrs. Stanford spent much of the day driving among the beautiful ways of Puli road, stopping awhile at a picnic and returning to her hotel early in the evening. She went to the dining room, and ordered soup only, saying that she was not hungry.

Later she retired to her apartments. It is declared by those who were witnesses to the woman's last agonizing cries of death that, when the paroxysms were clutching her throat, she cried:

"I am dying—my God—and how awful it is to be killed in this way."

Previous to that hour, it is declared, she shouted to those around her when she was first attacked with what appeared to have been a succession of convulsions, that she had been poisoned.

CALLED FOR A DOCTOR.

Mr. Heunish, who was first to get to her when she ran screaming near the door of her rooms, says that he retired shortly after 11 o'clock and soon was asleep.

"My rooms were next to those of Mrs. Stanford, and I had not been asleep long before I was awakened by hearing mis-

MRS. LELAND STANFORD AND STANFORD MEMORIAL CHURCH.

The woman who now lies in Honolulu, mysteriously slain, is shown on the left. On the right is the unique memorial to Leland Stanford Memorial Church, erected by her in San Francisco. The main decoration of the facade, shown in the picture, is a great mosaic of "The Sermon on the Mount." The inscription above the doors reads: "Memorial Church, Erected to the Glory of God and in Loving Memory of My Husband, Leland Stanford."

sionary. Mrs. Stanford's secretary, a male maid, May Hunt, the bottle of soda was brought from the medicine chest of the San Francisco mansion, unopened until Saturday night. It was learned that at the time of the first attempt on her life, she had been placed in a number of bottles.

The police here feel powerless. San Francisco must solve the mystery. During the death struggles Mrs. Stanford, when in convulsions, but perfectly conscious, said: "This is the second time they have tried to poison me. They tried it last January and I came here to avoid them."

A death mask was taken last night and the body embalmed for shipment to San Francisco. It is believed that Mrs. Stanford's property will be left largely to her nephews and neices of whom there are several.

The House of Representatives of the Territorial Legislature has adopted a resolution of sympathy, and adjourned out of respect to the memory of Mrs. Stanford.

MRS. STANFORD DIED IN AGONY

HONOLULU, March 2.—Mrs. Leland Stanford died here Tuesday night.

In her expiring breath the famous philanthropist said: "I have been poisoned."

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MAID TOLD OF FIRST ATTEMPT TO POISON

By Boston American Leased Wire.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 2.—Possibly the person who knows more of the attempt made to poison Mrs. Leland Stanford in this city January 14 is Miss Ellen Richmond, a maid of Mrs. Stanford's maids at that time. In this first attempt, at which time Mrs. Stanford took enough poison to kill half a dozen persons, the great quantity she took alone saved her life.

Miss Richmond to-day told her story for the BOSTON AMERICAN. She remembers that Nora Hopkins, a housemaid, said she had told Ah Young, a Chinese boy, to take a bottle of mineral water to the room of their mistress each day; that he had neglected to do so on Friday, January 13, and that she (Miss Richmond) went down to the closet where the supply was kept and had taken up two bottles, one for Mrs. Stanford and one for Miss Berner, the secretary.

The bottle for Mrs. Stanford's room was put in the usual place, on the table in the stationary washstand, out of the way. The next day, January 14, Miss Richmond says, Miss Richmond noticed that the bottle was about half emptied and that it had been moved to the front of the stand and near the edge of the basin. This was when Mrs. Stanford became ill.

Saw Flakes in Bottle.

Miss Richmond says she and Miss Berner both held the bottle up to the gaslight and saw some flaky particles floating about in the water. Miss Richmond at once administered an emetic and Mrs. Stanford was relieved. It was then suggested that the water be analyzed, and Miss Richmond volunteered to take it to a chemist, although Mrs. Stanford said she would send it by one of the boys. Miss Richmond says she took the bottle to Wakelee & Co. that night.

"I told them," she continued, "that there was something wrong with the water; that it was very bitter and nauseating, and that Mrs. Stanford wished it analyzed. I had tasted it, and, although I did not swallow any of it, I found it extremely bitter, and it was hours before I got rid of its taste.

"I returned to the house shortly after 10 o'clock and found that Mrs. Stanford was cheerful and was feeling no bad effects. I handed her it she did not want something to eat—some soup or beef tea. She replied that she did not, but would like a glass of hot milk. This I procured for her and she went after retired, but before doing so she said we had better say nothing of the incident. Mrs. Stanford is in the habit of taking bicarbonate of soda.

Miss Richmond says that she had decided months ago to seek other employment, and had so informed Mrs. Stanford. On a previous occasion, when Mrs. Stanford was about to go home from Japan, saying that she would go as soon as the employes could secure passage, she said that was suicide.

Butler Leaves Her Employ.

Albert Beverly, who was Mrs. Stanford's butler and valet, and a close friend of Miss Richmond, the maid, was closely questioned by the police immediately after the attempt on Mrs. Stanford's life. Immediately after the poisoning he also left Mrs. Stanford's employ. He vouched this decision while returning from Japan on the steamer Coptic. Later Beverly lived at his house.

Beverly says that he left Mrs. Stanford because he had been traveling about the world with her for over five years and had had no opportunity to visit his family, and that his children were growing up without him. He is now living with his family in a cottage at San Mateo. He is an Englishman, and Mrs. Beverly is also English.

Miss Richmond is a countrywoman of Beverly, and when she found that her every step was being followed by detectives, she says she became nervous and, being a stranger in a strange land, she wrote to the Beverlys expressing the case, and they at once extended her an invitation to become their guest, which she accepted. Beverly then held her care before the British Consul. Beverly and Miss Richmond speak in the highest terms of Mrs. Stanford—that she was always kind and considerate, and they say they cannot conceive of any employe wishing her harm.

Miss Berner had been in the service of Mrs. Stanford for twenty years and enjoyed her confidence to a marked degree. In fact, the employes say they have every reason to believe that Miss Berner was more favored confidante than Mrs. Stanford's own relatives.

After Beverly left Mrs. Stanford tried eight successive butlers and, finding none of them satisfactory, it is said that Miss Berner suggested to Mrs. Stanford that Beverly again for Beverly, which she said she would do, and that it was he who supervised the arrangements for the before Christmas dinner. Beverly expressed his opinion of the majority of San Francisco butlers as follows:

"They are not butlers; they are window cleaners."

Poison Put in Bottle Later?

If poison was found in the bottle, the time when it was delivered to the chemists is an important factor in the investigation, for it is generally conceded that there was no poison in the bottle at the time Mrs. Stanford drank from it. If the quantity of poison the chemist is reported to have found in it had been there when Mrs. Stanford drank from it, she would have been poisoned immediately with violent storms, and death would have followed in short time. Most likely theory that there was some foreign substance in the bottle, the safe theory to have been sulfuric or some equally bitter drug. After its delivery to the hotel, it was dropped in, by whom and for what purpose?

On the other hand, there is said to have existed jealousies among those in Mrs. Stanford's employ. It is said that there was a clique among the servants and worked against Miss Berner, the private secretary. Miss Berner was very close to Mrs. Stanford, having been in her employ for a long while. It is said on good authority that some of the servants were jealous of Miss Berner's influence, and made her the practical mistress of the establishment, regulating things to suit themselves. In all of Mrs. Stanford's menage. In the investigation the detectives were soon acquainted with these jealousies, and it is said that, as well as the absence of any motive for the poisoning of Mrs. Stanford, they tied to their theory.

Found No Purchase of Poison.

A Morse detective has been at work for weeks trying to find if any servant of Mrs. Stanford has bought strychnine during the past three months. The statement was made yesterday that every drug store in San Francisco and in the cities around the bay had been visited and the poison register in all of them carefully scanned. Strychnine is a drug rarely purchased in the crystal form, and the detectives were able to trace nearly every purchase to a legitimate purchaser. An investigation in the drug stores of San Jose and Palo Alto was also made, but without finding any clew. It is, of course, possible that the drug was bought at some store which does not employ a recording clerk and the purchaser of poison register his name and address.

Miss Richmond's story that she had given Mrs. Stanford notice that she was going to leave before the poisoning incident is confirmed by good authority. Beverly came to San Francisco a few years ago with Lily Langtry, the famous actress, and later became Mrs. Stanford's butler.

It is one of the theories advanced mysteriously here since the news of the fatal attack that some of the poison may have been left in California, and caused the loss of Mrs. Stanford's appetite on the steamer that she Chinese poisoned her to be poisoned. Now for the police will go on such a theory is not known.

Notwithstanding the sensation that the poisoning incident in January created here as well as in other parts of the world, Chief of Detectives Lonbert declared that department had taken little interest in it because no one had complained to him. An official of a private agency, however, said that his office was of the belief that Mrs. Stanford had been poisoned at Honolulu, and that they had instructions to go there in January. Beyond this he would say nothing.

CALAMITY FUND OF $1,000,000

Special to the Boston American.

PITTSBURG, Pa., March 2.—When the will of Robert C. McFerron, of Ben Avon, was filed here to-day it was found that the man who was worth perhaps a million dollars had gone Andrew Carnegie one better.

He has established a "calamity" fund, which shall be known as the "David and Eleanor McFerron Fund." There is but one drawback.

A sister and a brother, both unmarried, as well as a married sister, must all die intestate, before the fund becomes active. As all are well past middle age there is but little chance of interference from an heir. The will reads in part as follows:

"The said funds shall be invested by said trustee in good and safe securities, and one-half of the yearly income of said fund shall be added to the principal thereof, and the other half shall be used for the relief of victims of public calamities in the United States of America."

COSSACKS KILL BOYS WHO WERE RIOTING IN CAUSASIA

BATOUM, Caucasia, March 2.—A crowd of schoolboys engaged in rioting at Kutais, and several of them were killed or wounded by Cossacks.

Order was eventually restored.

$1,000,000 NOW GOES TO BROWN

PAWTUCKET, R. I., March 2.—By the death of Mrs. Harriet M. Littlefield, widow of George L. Littlefield, her husband's estate, valued at $1,000,000, goes to Brown University.

Mrs. Littlefield left the bulk of her private fortune to relatives, but bequeathed $1,000 to the Baptist Church of Bellingham Centre. Both husband and wife were noted for philanthropy.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

ELOPED TWICE; BOTH ARRESTED

Leased wire dispatches to the BOSTON AMERICAN from Washington announce the arrest there of the Rev. J. F. Cordova and Miss Julia Bowers, who for the second time eloped last week. Detectives left New Brunswick, N. J., for Washington to bring the couple back to the little village of South River, to which they returned apparently repentant after the escapade of last Summer.

YALE'S OLD MASCOT FOUND DEAD TO-DAY

NEW HAVEN, Conn., March 2.—Pop Smith, Yale's famous mascot for forty years, was found dead this morning at the home of his daughter on Day street. He was born in England eighty-seven years ago. He came to this country with the first professional cricket team to make an American tour.

WAS ALL RUN DOWN.

Takes Quinona, and is Now Well.

Thomas Raftery, 7 Warwick St., Roxbury dist., Boston, says: "I was

THOMAS RAFTERY, BOSTON.

Another Made Well by Quinona.

all run down and suffering from loss of appetite for over three months. After using but one bottle of Quinona my appetite returned and my tired feeling disappeared, and I am now strong and well." J. G. Parker, 65 Green St., Charlestown, Mass., says: "Quinona cured me of grippe after long suffering from dull headache and cod liver oil failed to help me. It built up my whole system, made me gain in weight, gave me an appetite which brought restful sleep." John H. Welchlin, Electrician, Hotel Somerset, Boston, says: "My stomach was such a bad condition I could not eat without distress. After taking two bottles of Quinona I can now eat anything without any bad effect." In Quinona has been discovered a sure cure for all forms of nervousness, stomach troubles and sleepless ness. It quickly builds up the whole system, purifies the blood, creates an appetite and drives away every bit of that dragged-out feeling—you will find Quinona the very thing your system needs. All druggists sell Quinona $1.00 for large bottle. For free medical advice write The Quinona Co., 1 Hartford St., Boston.

Tribute to Mrs. Stanford by President Jordan

By David Starr Jordan,

President of the Leland Stanford University.

The sudden death of Mrs. Stanford has come as a great shock to all of us. She had been so brave and strong that we hoped for her return well rested, and also that her last look on earth might be on her beloved Palo Alta. But it was a joy to her to have been spared so long—to have lived to see the work of her husband's life and hers firmly and fully established.

Hers had been a life of most perfect devotion to her own and her husband's ideals. If in the years we knew her she ever had a selfish feeling no one ever detected it. All her thoughts were of the university and of the way to make it effective for wisdom and righteousness.

No one outside of the university can understand the difficulties in her way in the final establishment of the university, and her patient deeds of self-sacrifice can be known only to those who saw them from day to day.

Some day the world will know a part of this. It will then know her for the wisest as well as the most generous friend of learning in our time. It will know her as the most loyal and most devoted of wives, who did always the best that she could.

Wise, devoted, steadfast, prudent, patient and just. Every good word we can use was hers by right. The men and women of the university feel the loss not alone of the most generous of helpers, but the dearest of friends.

1,000 SLAUGHTERED IN RACE RIOTS AT BAKU

BERLIN, March 2.—The newspaper Vorwaerts has a dispatch from Baku, Trans-Caucasia, stating that up to February 23, the dead in the rioting there had reached 1,000. The whole population, says the paper, are in a murderous frenzy.

The Armenian petroleum millionaire Adamians stationed himself on the roof of his own house and shot sixty Mohammedans within two hours.

The Mohammedans finally drenched the house with the millionaire's own petroleum and set fire to it, burning Adamianz, his wife, six children and ten servants to death.

There have been many incidents of similar barbarity.

SHIP WRECKED HIGH AND DRY

Crew of Gloucester Schooner Wakened by Vessel Crashing Far Up on Bank.

Awakened from sound sleep by a terrific crash of their floating home, pounding upon the rocks high upon the beach, the crew of the Gloucester fishing schooner Lucinda M. Low, wrecked at Shelburne harbor, N. S., had an exciting story to tell to friends and relatives who met them on landing from the steamer Boston, of the Yarmouth line here to-day. Only ten of the crew came home, and they had to report to officials from the United States consul at Halifax, Captain Douglas Mclean and four of the crew staying by the ship until an attempt is made to float her.

"We had put back to Shelburne Harbor to refit after a week's gale off Sable Island," said George Noonan, the wireless operator. "We naturally thought we were perfectly safe in the harbor, and on the night of February 25, when it began to blow hard, everybody went below, even the watch. We were awakened by a terrific pounding, but, of course, it did not keep us awake long, and the next thing I knew I was thrown out into the cabin. Everything was in confusion, with everybody yelling and thinking our last hour had come.

"The schooner was listed over terribly to port, but the waves we expected to pound us down as did not show up and we crawled up on deck, and found to our astonishment we could walk ashore without even wetting our feet.

"There is a big hole on the port side of the schooner and she is pretty badly torn up on the rocks."

MARSHALL FIELD INJURED.

CHICAGO, March 2.—Marshall Field, the well-known merchant, has a broken leg, the result of a fall on an icy sidewalk.

A snob is a man with money who would be a snob if he didn't have it.
—Vorenberg's Philosophy.

Overcoats

$8.75 Value $15

Black Kerseys Vicuna Oxfords and rich dark Friezes—cut in two styles—the long coat with belted back or the conservative English box—Satin yoke and shoulders—wool body linings—thoroughly tailored—not a ten dollar coat, but a $15 garment—the greatest special we have ever seen or heard of at $8.75.

Vorenberg's

The Big Store

Little Prices

Washington, Hanover & Elm Sts.

WHY SHOULD YOU COLLECT TRADING STAMPS AND RECEIVE FOR THEM

$2.00 in Cash or $5.00 in merchandise on a full book

WHEN YOU CAN GET

$6.00 in Cash or the same amount on purchases

Pitts Kimball Co

OUR MONEY-SAVING DISCOUNT BOOK SYSTEM

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$01.00 cash on a full book (orders amounting to $100.00).

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FOR ALL EMERGENCIES SLOAN'S LINIMENT

QUINCY MASTER BUILDERS TRYING TO SETTLE STRIKE

1,200 CUTTERS DETERMINED TO WIN BATTLE

Employers Just as Firm in Resistance to Wage Increase.

PEACE EFFORT TO BE MADE

Special to the Boston American.

QUINCY, March 2.—Efforts will be made by the Master Builders' Association of this city to settle the granite workers' strike, which is now in full force. There are 1,200 men out in the demand for a $3 minimum wage scale. The master builders have appointed a committee, which will see the strikers and employers and attempt to adjust the strike, which otherwise, business men of the city feel, will be far-reaching in its effect and disastrous to worker and employer alike.

This special committee consists of J. W. Pratt, chairman; T. L. Williams, C. W. Grant, H. E. Crane, W. H. Teasdale and C. A. McFarlane. While this committee is at work, the distribution of money to the strikers by the strikers' committee has been provided for. There was a meeting of the men to-day, and this committee was named. It is said there is $50,000 to draw from, and this will enable the men to remain out indefinitely if their demands are not met or if there is no adjustment.

Strikers Quiet and Orderly.

T. L. Jones, chairman of the Granite Manufacturers' Committee, said to the BOSTON AMERICAN to-day:

"The Quincy manufacturers consider that they have made a fair and just proposition for settlement to the cutters, and propose to stand on this proposition.

"James Duncan, secretary of the Granite Cutters' National Union, said to-day:

"Everything is absolutely quiet. We are waiting to hear from the manufacturers. No trouble is feared as the granite cutters are perhaps the most peaceable men employed anywhere.

"We are waiting from the manufacturers only what is received everywhere else in the United States. Quincy is the only place where the minimum is $2.64. The manufacturers say we are asking too much. Anyone can see whether we are right or not."

Within a few days there will be several hundred more hands idle if a settlement is not effected. The yard lumpers, quarrymen and polishers, the only ones now at work in the yards, will be thrown out of employment by lack of work, and these, with the teamsters and others employed on the quarries, will nearly double the number of the idle.

In the strike five years ago there was a large decrease in the population of the town, hundreds of workers securing places in other granite centres. This struggle lasted a year.

Proposition Un-American.

The granite cutters are an especially orderly and industrious class of workmen. Their homes here are models of neatness, and they are considered most desirable tenants by the landlords in the town.

The Manufacturers' Association is opposed to a renewal of the agreement which expired at midnight Tuesday, unless a clause is inserted providing for arbitration of all future differences, so that work would not be stopped.

"The proposition of the Granite Cutters is un-American," said John L. Miller, president of the Manufacturers' Association, "We have been expecting this strike and are well prepared for it."

Other Quarry Troubles.

MILFORD, March 2.—The employes of the quarries here have voted to strike because their demand for an increase of wages, 50 cents an hour for hand cutters and 50 cents for machine—has been refused. They also demand that the tool-sharpener shall join the granite cutters' union.

WORCESTER, March 2.—Because of a refusal of an increase in wages to $3.25 a day, about 200 granite workers have decided to cease work till their terms shall be met by the employers. The Worcester Company and other smaller concerns are badly crippled by the strike.

NEW LONDON, Conn., March 2.—The cutters in the Waterford and Greenville quarries are out, their demand for a raise of 10 per cent. in their wages having been refused. It is said that they would accept 5 per cent. offered.

HUNDREDS GREET GENERAL MILES

SALEM, March 2.—General Miles was given an enthusiastic welcome on the occasion of the Second Corps of Cadets, many hundreds of citizens of Salem attending the public reception given at the Cadet armory. The General and other military men with him were escorted through the Peabody Museum prior to the reception.

Love laughs at rules as it does at locksmiths. The epidemic of love in a Baltimore hospital is told about in an illustrated page feature in next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

LEADERS OF GRANITE MEN AND VIEW IN QUINCY.

The man at the left is National Secretary Donn, the other is President Smith of the Quincy Union.

CRUSH KUROPATKIN BY JAP VISE OF STEEL

OKU NOW THREATENS TO CUT OFF RETREAT OF BEATEN RUSSIAN ARMY.

Special Cable to Boston American.

LONDON, March 2.—The Japanese are slowly but surely sealing the fate of Kuropatkin and 400,000 Russians in Northern Manchuria.

General Oku has to-day telegraphed to Tokio he most important information since the battle of Mukden commenced. He says:

"The Japanese left has pivoted back the Russian right and occupied Tsinchintun and Lisa Ri, forty miles west of Mukden. This gives the Japanese a most important position and seriously menaces General Kuropatkin's communications along the Sinmintung road, which, if held by the Japs, will stop the Russian supplies."

As Oyama and Nodan are hammering away at the Russian center with the most tremendous commands of modern times, directed chiefly against Putilloff, or Lone Tree hill, Kuroki and Oku are crushing the Russian right and left and tightening the vise of steel that will eventually find Kuropatkin about Mukden—unable to move.

Only by the most desperate resistance and perhaps in a final dash for life by a portion of his beaten legions can Kuropatkin hope to escape the fate of Stoessel. The greatest and most overwhelming disaster to the Russian arms is in sight. All Russia is cowering before the awful shock that now seems inevitable.

HILLS LIKE VOLCANOES.

For three days Lone Tree and Novgorod hills have been subjected to a terrific bombardment with eleven-inch shells charged with shimose powder.

From a distance the hills look like volcanoes, spouting flame and great clouds of smoke, a hail of earth and stones falling far beyond their bases. The Russian siege batteries at last accounts were answering energetically, but their fire was comparatively ineffectual, and with the very hills falling away beneath the Japanese fire it is only a question of hours before the Japs will be in possession of the heights.

RUSSIANS ABANDON BRIDGE.

After an all-night battle the Russian forces which seized the railroad bridge across the Shakhe river retired, after having destroyed the Japanese fortifications at the further end of the bridge.

The Japanese losses were heavy. The attack on the bridge began at 8 o'clock Tuesday evening.

Under cover of a heavy bombardment by field, siege and mortar batteries, Russian sharpshooters pressed forward and crossed the bridge, which was illuminated by Japanese searchlights, drove back the defenders, and occupied the further end of the bridge.

Then the Japanese threw up hasty entrenchments and soon drove the Japanese from their defences at the head of the bridge.

An hour later other chasseurs rushed across the bridge and seized and fortified a thicket opposite Lansuling, overcoming a number of wolf holes and wire entanglements and blew up the Japanese redoubts.

The artillery meanwhile kept up the bombardment, and succeeded by oblique fire in demolishing the Japanese earthwork.

COMBAT IN THE DARK.

Then a stubborn fight in the darkness began, the gloom being but slightly relieved by the pale light of the stars and the reflection from fires kindled by the explosion of shells.

The Japanese brought up their quick-fire guns and forced the Russians to abandon the thicket, from which position the Japanese raked the regiments holding the head of the bridge.

The fight was desperate and at close quarters. The Japanese rushed up heavy reinforcements and charged repeatedly across the river, strewing the ice with the bodies of their dead. At dawn the Russians retired across the river, carrying their wounded, but leaving 100 dead behind.

RENNENKAMPFF'S RETREAT.

One of the most terrible experiences of the Winter's warfare in Manchuria was the thirteen-mile retreat of the Telukhietchen division from Ha pass to Outkoumpao.

All day General Rennenkampff's soldiers, wearied by a week of continual fighting and disheartened by the abandonment of Telukhietchen, had flung off attack after attack by overwhelming numbers of Japanese in order to cover the withdrawal of supplies which had been accumulated in large warehouses at Seimu.

This village is eight miles in the rear and at the head of a horse car line which was constructed from the base at Mukden in order to provision the advanced positions on the left flank.

At 6 o'clock in the evening the commander of the battalion on the Gao Pass road sent word that he was unable longer to hold out against the Japanese advancing in that direction, but the commander of the division was determined to hold on until the last wagon should have left Seimu.

Word was received at 9 o'clock that the withdrawal had been safely effected, and then the dreary retreat began. The wind was high and the cold bitter, and snow was falling heavily. Weary and supperless, the soldiers scarcely could see their life leaders.

Every minute the rattle of musketry on the Gao Pass road became louder, and the bursting of shrapnel occasionally illuminated the heights to the eastward.

DANGER OF CAPTURE IMMINENT.

It became evident to every man of the command plodding through the deepening snow that the danger of being cut off was imminent. Only the coolness and courage of the commander averted disaster.

The retreat was so timed that the rear guard reached Outkoupoun just in time. The force retreating on the easterly road had been driven in on the village and the forces, uniting, fired bayonets, turned and in utter darkness drove the Japanese back two miles.

On the next day the Japanese renewed their attack, but the Russians repulsed repeated assaults. There was desperate fighting on the following day, but the Japanese have succeeded in retaining possession of the village.

The Japanese fought with fanatical bravery, making several night attacks and charging under cover of darkness and a fierce snowstorm almost up to the muzzles of the Russian batteries, which met them with canister and grape.

Today the Times' St. Petersburg correspondent telegraphs that he hears a war council will be held there about March 6 to decide whether General Kuropatkin shall be recalled. He adds that Grand Duke Nicholas or General Dragomiroff, the hero of the Russo-Turkish war, are mentioned as possible successors.

WHOLE RUSSIAN SQUADRON DESERTS, MEN TO COME HERE

LONDON, March 2.—According to the Vienna correspondent of the Daily Mail, a whole squadron of Russian dragoons, with the exception of five officers, has deserted and escaped into Austria. It is said that a majority of the men will go to the United States.

A rich New York society woman is founding a hospital for homeless cats and dogs. Her institution is the subject of an illustrated page feature in next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

STATE PAYS LAST TRIBUTE TO BOUTWELL

Body of Venerable Ex-Governor Lies in State at Groton Town Hall.

NOTED MEN PALLBEARERS

The body of the late George Sewell Boutwell was borne from his residence at Groton to the Town Hall of that village shortly before 10 o'clock to-day, where it will lay in state until noon. The funeral service will be held at 2 o'clock at the same place.

The casket was placed in front of the platform on the second floor of the hall. At the head and foot of the coffin and about the front of the platform there were banked the floral pieces sent as memorials by friends of the dead man.

The bodyguard is composed of members of George S. Boutwell Post No. 88, of the Grand Army of the Republic, of Ayer. The committee in charge consists of Past Commander James J. O'Brien, Augustus Lovejoy, William Crombie, Daniel D. Dickenson and William H. Sherman.

The police in charge are composed of seven from the State department and six from the local force. Deputy Chief Dyson is in command. At 10 o'clock the visitors began to enter the hall and look for the last time upon the face of the dead man. They went up stairs, passed along the main aisle past the coffin and down stairs and out at the rear.

After lying in state in the Town Hall for two hours, the services, conducted by Rev. Pemberton H. Cressey, pastor of the Groton Unitarian Church, assisted by Rev. George M. Howe, of the Congregational Church; Rev. Dr. J. Rodgers Peabody, master of the Groton School, and Rev. Henry C. Curtis, open with a requiem sung by a double quartet.

This is followed by an invocation by Rev. Henry C. Curtis, readings from the Scriptures by Rev. J. Endicott Peabody and remarks by Rev. Pemberton H. Cressey. After a prayer by Rev. George M. Howe, the quartet sings "Abide With Me." Governor Bodwell's favorite hymn. The benediction is pronounced by Rev. Pemberton H. Cressey.

Whole Town in Mourning.

The town of Groton is in mourning. Evidences of the respect in which the dead statesman was held are seen on every side. The Town Hall is draped with black and white, interspersed with evergreen boughs. During the funeral the town church bell and the chimes on the Groton School toll. The schools are closed today, and business suspended while the services are in progress.

Ex-Governor Boutwell's son Francis received a copy of resolutions from the United Irish League of America, accompanied by a letter stating that a delegation of twelve would attend the funeral as a tribute to the respect in which the memory of the dead man is held by their order. At the town hall the family sits on the right near reserved for them. They number about twenty-five, including the venerable Micah Boutwell, of Tyngsboro, the dead man's brother. Governor Douglas, his counsel, and the members of the various committees, as well as the ex-Governors, are given seats on the platform.

The centre of the hall is occupied by delegations from E. F. Clerk Post, G. A. R., of Groton, George S. Boutwell Post, of Ayer, the town officials and the Groton School.

Honorary Pallbearers.

The honorary pall bearers are as follows: Ex-Governors John D. Long, J. Q. A. Brackett, W. Murray Crane and John L. Bates, Professor Charles Eliot Norton, Amory A. Lawrence, Dr. Samuel A. Green, Erving Winslow, Hon. Albert E. Pillsbury, Charles E. Richer, Hon. William F. Whitton, Edward Atkinson, Hon. Winslow Warren, Frank B. Stanborn, Hon. Edward Avery and New York General Fred D. Grant, George A. King, Gamaliel Bradford, Colonel W. A. Wilkins of Worcester and Major, survivor of ex-Governor Boutwell's staff, Richard Sheedy and John H. Tarker, both of Groton.

The active bearers are J. F. Thatcher, of Littleton, George Chase, William A. Gleason, Daniel Gilbert, Herbert Haynes and John Cardwell, all of Ayer. Governor Bodwell and Governor Boutwell in years past at his home.

A special train leaves the North Station at 12.15 to-day for the accommodation of those going from Boston. Attached to it is a Pullman car reserved for the use of Governor Douglas, the former governors, the council and legislative committees. It returns immediately after the services.

WEDS WOMAN WHO SUED GOVE

Anna Rosalie Maddern, who two years ago brought suit for divorce against John Gove, has been married to William W. MacArthur, a young man twenty-six years old.

The wedding took place without public notice February 22, Rev. John Metlaw Fuster, of the St. Stephen's Street Church, performing the ceremony.

The bridal pair are now at home in their friends at No. 50 St. Germain street. Young Mr. MacArthur is a bookkeeper, and formerly lived at No. 240 Massachusetts avenue, a short distance from the home of Miss Maddern.

DIVORCED BEAUTY IN MYSTERIOUS WEDDING

Will Stinson, Noted Bicyclist, and Mrs. Lovie Lovering Made Man and Wife.

Bedded Pair Disappear and No One Knows Where Honeymoon Is Being Spent.

There is much speculation to-day about the marriage of Will Stinson, the famous cycle rider, to Mrs. Elsie R. Lovering, the noted photographers' model and stage beauty, who secured a divorce from Joseph Lovering only last April. The marriage took place so quietly and the expert bicycler and his marvellously attractive bride so slipped away so unobtrusively somewhere on a wedding tour that even the bridegroom's father, William Stinson, Sr., of Cambridge, admits that he knows little of the wedding or of his son's affairs. Unusual interest attaches to this second wedding of Mrs. Stinson, on account of the sensation attending her divorce from her first husband.

WILL STINSON.

PHOTO BY ELMER CHICKERING

BICYCLIST AND MRS. LOVERING, HIS BRIDE.

Most Beautiful of Women.

The bride is one of the most handsome women in America. Her attractions have been well summed up by Jean Coquelin, the French actor. He said of her four years ago:

"You are the most beautiful woman I have ever seen in all my experiences on the stage. You are an example of the highest type of loveliness I have seen in America."

She is a clergyman's daughter. Her father is the Rev. William C. Richmond, of one time assistant pastor of the Warren Avenue Baptist Church. Even as a child she was noted for her looks. Girlhood brought her beauty, which only increased into a maturer charm in young womanhood. She is tall, a pronounced brunette and of figure which made her assiduously sought by photographers for model studies.

November 14, 1901, she was married to Joseph Lovering, an electrical engineer. The young bridegroom was a much envied man. Mrs. Lovering left her husband in December, 1903. The following Spring she sued for divorce. Lovering filed a cross bill, naming Will Stinson and Milton T. Viall, a Providence man, in his declaration.

Divorced from Lovering.

The testimony was sensational. Photographs of Mrs. Lovering and letters written by her were introduced by her husband. He testified that he took from her by force a letter she wrote to Viall, but that in the gerrimange the statuesque beauty broke a pitcher over his head.

Judgment was finally given for Mrs. Lovering, who secured a decree nisi. Lovering's cross-bill against her was dismissed.

Since then the noted beauty has not been so prominently before the public. Now she is wedded to Stinson, who was one of the main witnesses for Lovering in the libel, Stinson's father says:

"All I can say is that Will's marriage took place in Providence Tuesday. They have gone away on a tour. Will has not been living at home of late. I know little of his affairs. I know he was friendly with Mrs. Lovering."

Mrs. William C. Richmond, mother of Mrs. Stinson, recently gave up her apartment at Hotel Plaza. She told friends she was about to live in Providence, also that she planned going South.

KANSAS SUES STANDARD OIL

TOPEKA, Kan., March 2.—The fight of the State against Standard Oil is developing rapidly. Attorney-General Coleman filing suit in the Supreme Court asking that a receiver be appointed for the Prairie Oil & Gas Company, known as the Kansas branch of the Standard Oil Company, for alleged violation of the State laws.

Ella Wheeler Wilcox, Dorothy Dix, Winifred Black and Mrs. Osborn write exclusively for the BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

PUBLIC LIBRARY IS LEFT TO ANTRIM

NASHUA, N. H., March 2.—By the will of James A. Tuttle, filed at the probate office in this city, the town of Antrim is made residuary legatee, the money to be used for the erection and maintenance of a public library to be known as the James A. Tuttle Library, and $5000 is left to the Congregational Church of Antrim.

ROYAL Baking Powder

Is the most economical thing in the kitchen.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

CUTICLINE

is far superior to any soap. It instantly removes dirt, grease, paint, tar and stains of every kind. 10 and 25c in shaker top tins everywhere or free sample from CUTICLINE CO., Bath, Maine.

BISHOP OWES HEALTH AND LIFE TO PE-RU-NA

Ministers of All Denominations Join In Recommending Pe-ru-na to the People.

Public speaking especially exposes the throat and bronchial tubes to catarrhal affections.

Breathing the air of crowded assemblies, and the necessary exposure to night air which many preachers must face, makes catarrh especially prevalent among their class.

Peruna has become justly popular among them.

BISHOP L. H. HALSEY.

The Friends of Pe-ru-na.

Despite the prejudices of the medical profession against proprietary medicines, the clergy have always maintained a strong confidence and friendship for Peruna.

They have discovered by personal experience that Peruna does all that is claimed for it.

The Bishop's Strong Tribute to Pe-ru-na.

L. H. Halsey, Bishop C. M. E. Church, Atlanta, Ga., writes:

"I have found Peruna to be a great remedy for catarrh. *I have suffered with this terrible disease for more than twenty years,* until since I have been using Peruna, which has relieved me of the trouble.

"I have tried many remedies and spent a great deal of hard-earned money for them, *but I found nothing so effectual in the cure of catarrh as the great medicine, Peruna.*

"I feel sure that Peruna is not only a triumph of medical science, but it is also a blessing to suffering humanity.

"Every individual who suffers with respiratory diseases will find Peruna a magnificent and sovereign remedy."—L. H. Halsey, Bp. C. M. E. Church.

Peruna is the most prompt and sure remedy for catarrh that can be taken.

Many a preacher has been able to meet his engagements only because he keeps on hand a bottle of Peruna, ready to meet any emergency that may arise.

We have on file many letters of recommendation like no one given above. We can give our readers only a slight glimpse of the vast number of grateful letters Dr. Hartman is constantly receiving, in praise of his famous catarrh remedy, Peruna.

HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN

Published Daily and Sunday at 80 and 82 Summer Street, Boston, Mass.

NEW ENGLAND NEWSPAPER PUBLISHING CO.

Entered as second class matter, March 21, 1903, at the postoffice at Boston, Mass.

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One year	5.00
Six months	2.75
One month	.45

STOCK JOBBING DEAL SAYS LAWSON OF GAS TRUST BILL

BEFORE COURT OF LAST RESORT, SAYS FINANCIER

Tells Legislative Committee That It Should Act and End the Scheme Forever.

COULD NOT KEEP SILENT

Continued from First Page.

who in a sense were partners in the scheme. I could not remain longer silent.

"I believe that the Gas Commission is not sitting honestly on the case. I mean this in the broad sense that they could not say to the citizens of Massachusetts 'Come before us, and we will honestly and fairly listen to you, sit as fair judges, unbiased.' I had personal knowledge that they were not biased. When I saw how they received us who came before them I felt that it was my duty to myself to smother my indignation and let the matters pass.

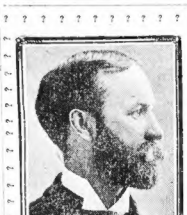
"But in reply to Mr. Moran's adverse statement I came to this hearing yesterday. I thought it might be in Mr. Moran's mind to charge me, as other responsible and responsible citizens have been charged, with crimes in connection with the gas legislation that is under discussion, and I intended, if he did this, to take the matter before a court, where this question could be settled, once and for all. I am not in the habit of matters come before a court, where men may be compelled to come under oath to tell the truth, under penalty of punishment for perjury, then the truth of this matter will be soon finally settled, and the question will be finally settled. But Mr. Moran did not make a charge of himself in this case.

Information for Committee.

"There are a number of things that I feel I should say to this committee. I shall not attempt to review the matters that have been said by attorneys who have already appeared before this committee, and said so much more ably than I could say them, but I desire to inform the committee of three or four, or perhaps five matters in regard to this gas question; and I can assure you gentlemen, that they are said by one who knows whereof he speaks.

"First, I do not explain to this committee, are sitting to hear this case, is a court of last resort. I believe that the people has no relief at this stage except from this committee. We have been driven back to the last stand. If this committee does not give us relief, we will receive none. If this committee will stay the carrying out of this scheme, and give legislature will back the committee up, this question can be settled for all, and settled right. I do not believe there can be any relief from the courts if this committee fails to act.

"In the course of his speech Mr. Lawson told you that Henry H. Rogers had told him, they being partners in the gas scheme, that Rogers and Gifford of the Gas Commission had been seen and were favorable to the legislation, and that he was elected to see General Schaff, and received from General Schaff the right that he required to do any business the companies should have formerly to come to Home rule bill for it, and he would consent to it if it was honest and proper. Then, he said, Rogers and Gifford became partners in the scheme.

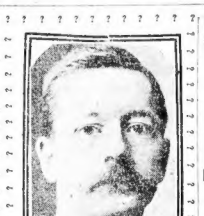


WM. S. MCNARY

WHY DID M'NARY GET $5,000?

Kidder, Peabody & Co. wanted somebody beside Wardwell, and they found the proper kind of a man, with long experience in politics, who had been in the Legislature and the Senate before he was elected to Congress in 1902. As chairman of the Democratic State Committee he had received $33,000—$30,000 of it from gas interests. He was not registered as a legislative agent. But they paid to William S. McNary $5,000 in bills.

His name does not appear upon their books. If it was for proper and honest services, why not? Who did he work for? What did he do to earn this money? Was it a gift outright? If so, it was embezzled from the firm of Kidder, Peabody & Co. Or did he render a service for it with the Democratic members of the Legislature that year? Why did McNary receive this money—I know he did receive it—and what did he do for it?—*Attorney Moran at the State House.*



WILLIAM A. GASTON.

WHY DID GASTON GET $5,000?

Kidder, Peabody & Company could not give the money personally to McNary. He wasn't in their set. So they selected as a suitable man to get control of McNary a man who has been a standard bearer of the Democratic Party, who was nominated as Senator against honest men a month ago. The $5,000 was paid to McNary by William A. Gaston, with his own hands.

Gaston's name does not appear on the Kidder, Peabody & Company books for this amount, although that is the account where it does appear for money legitimately paid him and his firm. It was placed upon the books by Gaston's initials, in inverse order. Will Mr. Gaston explain why? If he doesn't we have the right to argue he paid the money for a corrupt purpose, that the bill was framed that way and ought to be repealed.—*Attorney Moran at the State House.*

LABOR NEWS

ALLIED PRINTING TRADES UNION COUNCIL OF BOSTON MASS. 96

James A. De Bell's resignation as president of Cigarmakers' Union No. 97 was read and accepted at a meeting of the executive board of the union. Mr. De Bell was elected to the office last January.

Vice-President Charles Lamb will act as temporary president until the next meeting of the union on March 17, when an election will take place to fill the vacancy.

ORGANIGE PATTERN MAKERS.

Organization among the pattern makers of Worcester and Fitchburg has progressed as rapidly as it has in Boston since the visit of International President James Wilson. Accompanied by President E. C. Pooley, Business Agent F. M. Lent and Secretary J. W. Sweeney, of the Boston local, International President Wilson addressed mass meetings of craftsmen in the above cities. Mr. Wilson leaves Boston to-day for Providence, and from there will go to New York.

The Boston Association of Pattern Makers, at a meeting in Unity Hall, made arrangements for a banquet to be held March 18. A number of tickets were purchased for the striking bakers' concert in Boston Theatre March 26.

PLAN DEATH BENEFIT FUND.

A special meeting has been called by Printers' Union No. 13, to consider ways and means of increasing assessments to the death benefit fund, and also to appoint a committee to draw up a new system of handling difficulties.

It was reported that the recent ball was a big financial success.

BATSON TALKS ON MOTORS.

"Motors and Their Connections" was the subject of an instructive address before the members of Electrical Workers' Union, No. 103, by Walter V. Batson, of the Bay of French & Hubbard.

Mr. Batson will deliver the second in his series of ten lectures on March 15.

NEWSPAPER WAGON DRIVERS.

Provisions for a sick benefit fund have been made by Newspaper Wagon Drivers' Union No. 255, with Ephraim Wiser secretary-treasurer.

It was announced that C. L. Grace had been elected chairman of the Boston American chapel, and A. Tweedie secretary. Tickets to the value of $5 were purchased for the company in aid of the striking bakers, in Boston Theatre, March 26.

COAL TEAMSTERS' BALL.

At a special meeting in the Wells Memorial Building, Coal Teamsters' Union No. 68 completed arrangements for the annual ball to-morrow night in Odd Fellows Hall.

President Frank P. Fall will be chief marshal. Vice-President John Dolan, assistant marshal, Former President P. J. Gallagher floor director, John J. Riley and Jeremiah Mahoney assistants, David E. Proctor chiefs of aids and J. Munday chairman of the reception committee.

LABOR NOTES.

Grand Vice-President Everett Mallory, of the Electrical Workers' Review, visited Providence and addressed a meeting of Local No. 99.

Carpenters' Union No. 33 admitted seven new members, and tabled six applications.

The Cotton Bagging Company held a smoker, talk to light in Chelsea t, L. L. Ball.

The next meeting will be held in Hibernian Hall, Malden, tonight, for the purpose of organizing a union of carpenters.

The Helpers' section of Electrical Workers' Union, No. 103, will meet in Wells Memorial Building next Sunday afternoon.

Arrangements for the grand ball to-morrow night in Odd Fellows Hall at a meeting tonight at No. 987 Washington street.

BULL TRADERS BID UP STOCKS

Bull traders bid stocks up on the shorts to-day in Wall street. In the case of Consolidated Gas the bears were twisted to the extent of four points. Other issues climbed up liberal portions to 1 per cent., and better.

Railroads, industrials and tractions were all strong. In the industrial department the United States Steel shares were favorites.

The Boston market was not productive of much of a feature. Prices were steady as a rule.

BOSTON STOCKS.

	Opening.	1 p. m.
Adventure	9	9
Allouez	23¼	23½
Amalgamated	47¼	47¾
Am. Ag. Ch.	21	21
American Telephone	140½	140½
American Sugar	141	141½
American Woolen	24¾	24¾
American Woolen pref.	90½	90½
Bingham	33	33
Boston & Albany	256	259
Boston Elevated	137	137
Boston & Maine	175½	175
Calumet & Hecla	665	665
Centennial	19½	19½
Copper Range	71	72
Dominion	77	77
Dominion Iron pref.	29½	29½
Franklin	6¾	6¾
Isle Royale	17	17
Mass. Electric	3	3
Mass. Electric pref.	42	42
Mass. Gas	85	85½
Mass. Gas pfd.	83½	83½
Mohawk	44¾	44¾
New England Tel.	126	126
N. Y. N. H. & H.	206	206
Old Dominion	26½	26½
Osceola	90¾	90¾
Quincy	249	249
Shannon	8	8
Shoe Machinery	99	9 18
Swift & Co.	93	93
Tamarack	127	127
Trinity	17	17
United States Steel	35¾	36
United States Steel pfd.	96½	96½
United Fruit	111½	111
U. S. Mining	3¾	3¾
Union Pacific	134¾	135
Utah	42	42
Vermont Tel. pfd.	102	102
Winona	13½	13½
Wolverine	75	75

NEW YORK STOCKS.

	Opening.	1 p.m.
Amalgamated Copper	47¾	48
American Ice & Pulp	25½	25½
American Locomotive	36	36
American Smelting	70	70½
American Sugar	141	141½
Anaconda	108¾	108¾
Atchison	76	76¼
Atchison preferred	102¾	102¾
Baltimore & Ohio	110	110
Brooklyn Transit	69½	69½
Canadian Pacific	169	169
Chesapeake & Ohio	55¾	55¾
Chicago Great West.	23¾	23¾
Colorado Fuel & Iron	39	39
Consol. Gas	258	258
Erie	44¼	44¼
Erie 1st preferred	82¾	82¾
Erie 2d preferred	74¾	74¾
General Electric	188	188½
Illinois Central	154	154½
Louisville & Nashville	149	149
Missouri Pacific	102	102
Metropolitan	142	142
Mexican Central	24¾	24¾
Minn. St. P. & S. S. M.	127	127
M. K. & Texas	35¾	35¾
N. Y. Central	138¾	138¾
New York Central	138¾	138¾
Norfolk & Western	61	61
Northern Pacific	211¾	211¾
Pennsylvania	141½	141¾
People's Gas	103	103
Reading	95¾	95¾
Rock Island	30¾	30¾
Southern Pacific	72¾	72¾
Southern Railway	27¾	27¾
St. Paul	169¾	169¾
Union Pacific	134¾	135

DOLLAR HUMOR CURE
Consisting of Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Pills. A set often cures most distressing cases.

NO PROBE FOR TOBACCO TRUST

WASHINGTON, March 2.—No investigation of the Tobacco Trust will be ordered at this session of Congress. This decision on the subject by Representative Rehor of Kentucky will not be acted on by the House.

The Judiciary Committee of the House referred the matter to Representative Smith of Kentucky, in order that he might confer with the Attorney-General as to the necessity of passing it. It has been impossible in the rush incidental upon the last days of the session to arrange a satisfactory meeting.

LEGISLATOR WHALEN DYING

LAWRENCE, March 2.—Attorney John P. Whalen, a member of the Massachusetts Legislature from the Seventh Essex District, is dying at the Lawrence General Hospital. He was removed there a month ago suffering from typhoid fever and pneumonia.

MINSTRELS MAKE HIT.

Coon songs and clever local hits by the end men were features of the show given by the church parish house by the Brimmer Minstrels, members of St. Vincent's Guild of Acolytes of the Church of the Advent. The show will be repeated this evening.

PARADE FOR SINNERS STIRS THE WEST END

Revival Marchers, Led by Salvation Army, Call on the Erring to Repent.

Like crusaders of old, 1,200 men and women, led by the Salvation Army Band of twenty-eight pieces, paraded the West End last night, singing praises of God and calling on all who had hopes of ever getting to live better lives to follow on to Tremont Temple, where the great evangelist and preacher, Rev. Mr. Dawson, with a big reputation in both hemispheres, would address them.

At Tremont Temple 2,000 men and women assembled, listening intently to Mr. Dawson and other prominent ministers, and many of them publicly announced themselves as tired of a sinful life.

"Your prayers were answered. It was a grand night for the work of God. See the discontented souls that are not happy. A better future looms before them. Hope is born again in them, and, with God's help, may it live on."

This was the summary of the night's work as made by Mr. Dawson after the meeting broke up at 11 o'clock.

At 9.45 o'clock the meeting in Tremont Temple was called to order. The Rev. Mr. Dawson had another meeting to attend in Quincy and was, therefore unable to be present himself until 10 o'clock. The Rev. William T. McElveen, pastor of the Shawmut Congregational Church, presided. There were almost 1,000 people present when the meeting opened. After a preliminary address the band left the hall, followed by a number of those within the hall.

Sang as They Marched.

"Onward Christian Soldiers" was struck up as the paraders proceeded down Tremont street. At Scollay square they increased to 500. Through Tremont row the march continued, thence into Howard street.

From Howard street the missionaries marched through Bulfinch place, to Hawkins street, to Bowdoin square, to Green street, to Staniford, to Lynde street, to Portland, to Hanover, to Tremont street back to Tremont Temple.

From the 500 who fell in line when the parade started the line was seen to greatly ally swell. Persons following in the line, with no intention of taking part, were found one of the missionaries alongside, who whispered in the ear of one that this was the time to begin a new life and repair the ravages of sin.

There was a noticeable absence of any ostentatious outbursts or any strange acts on the part of the recruits to the number of 700 who, singing "Rescue the Perishing," they sorted themselves.

Mr. Dawson arrived a few minutes before 10 o'clock. He then addressed the audience.

"Do you know why you are here?" he asked. "Because Christ taught us to love our brothers; because Christ taught some of us that we could be saved by His grace, while others are unhappy, while others live the life of sinners; because Christ taught some of us to take upon ourselves the burden of saving our brethren. I talk in the name of Christ, whose ambassador I am.

"It's Never Too Late."

"The great lesson to be learned is to turn from sin; turn from whatever it is to Jesus Christ; look to Him as found. Never mind how late how bad or how old one, there will come help and strength from this meeting to begin a new life.

"Two old things are to be done for granted in man. The first is that down in your heart there is love, some noble thing left you to live the right life for Jesus Christ.

"I take it for granted that the men here is discontented with the present life known, that no one is happy in sin. While the drink is in you you think you are happy; but you know different.

At the close of Mr. Dawson's remarks he asked the congregation to join in prayer with him, and while doing so all who desired to begin the new should rise in their places.

Woman First to Rise.

The prayer was silent. A hush fell throughout the temple. For some time no one appeared inclined enough with the spirit of the occasion to publicly announce such feeling.

A woman first to rise. Then came another, and another, and another, at the close of eight prayers, at ten minutes, and tabled six applications.

The Cotton Bagging Company held a smoker, talk to light in Chelsea t, L. L. Ball.

The next meeting will be held in Hibernian Hall, Malden, tonight, for the purpose of organizing a union of carpenters.

The Helpers' section of Electrical Workers' Union, No. 103, will meet in Wells Memorial Building next Sunday afternoon.

Arrangements for the grand ball to-morrow night in Odd Fellows Hall at a meeting tonight at No. 987 Washington street.

A BAD DISORDER

In the fall of 1895 I contracted that fearful disease, Blood Poison. I gaining weekly headway until I was forced to resign my position and seek relief at Hot Springs. After spending all the means I had I went to Memphis. In less than three weeks I was in a hospital, and after nine weeks of suffering I was discharged as cured. In less than a month every bone in my body seemed to be affected and felt as if they would break at the least exertion. Again I was compelled to resign, and I returned to the hospital for a seven weeks stay. When I came out I was advised to try farming. Before I went I went on a farm. I prevailed on the only firm who handled drugs to get me one dozen bottles of S. S. S. At that time both of my hands were broken out with blotches and I was covered with boils and sores. In the meantime my druggist had gotten two more bottles of S. S. S. for me and I began its use, and after taking the thirteenth bottle not a sore or boil was visible. E. B. POWELL,

East 9th St., Little Rock, Ark.

Of all human diseases, Contagious Blood Poison is the most hideous and hateful. The victim is tortured with rotting ulcers, sores and abscesses, unsightly blotches, eruptions and other symptoms of the miserable disease. S. S. S. has been used successfully for nearly fifty years for Contagious Blood Poison. It contains no mercury, potash or other mineral. Our home treatment book gives all the symptoms of this disease. Medical advice free.

SSS

The Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

ENGLISH TESTIMONY.

Colds, Headache, Influenza and Catarrh relieved in 10 minutes by Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder.

Prominent people throughout England, the United States and Canada praise Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. It will cure you in this Disease Sick, Sour, Sing, the secretary of Ted Sloan, the world famous jockey, says: "I have suffering for years from catarrh and colds. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder gave me relief in ten minutes. Nothing in other remedies combined." Miss Bessie Sloan, sister of Tod Sloan, writes: "One puff of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder did more for me than from catarrh and colds." Miss Ethel Russell, 10 Keppe St., London, Eng., writes: "One bottle Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder cured me of chronic colds or catarrh. It relieves in 10 minutes."

Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure relieves heart disease in 30 minutes.

Sold by WM. H. KNIGHT, 97 Court St., and LEWIS & CO., 145 Wash. St.

Nervousness

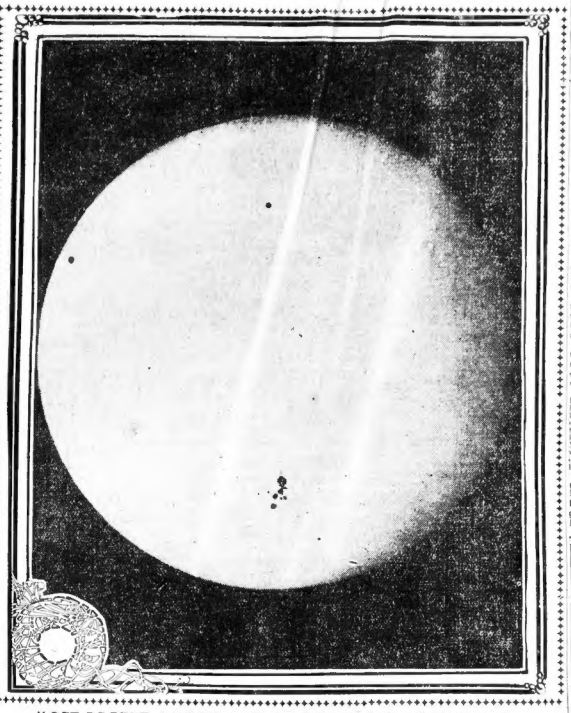
Read my offer—a full dollar's worth of my Remedy free to try—without deposit or risk, or promise to pay.

Nervousness, fretfulness, restlessness, sleeplessness, irritability—all are the outward signs and nerve disturbance. The things are not the factors which give you warning—not with which enable you to feel, to walk, to see, to think, to see. But the INSIDE nerves encounter power nerves—these are the nerves which work out and worry breaks down.

I have not room here to explain how you can be restored, how I can build up and operate the nerve, the heart, the kidneys, the liver. How tissues and strains and overindulgence destroy the entire fibers, how, through a long line of nerve, weakness in one centre is conveyed to each of the other centres. How this same breakdown of nerve power produces the nervous symptoms which should warn us of the trouble with which I propose to explain how these nerves can be reached and strengthened and vitalized as made well by a remedy I spent thirty years in perfecting and which I am now supplying to druggists everywhere.

Dr. Shoop's Restorative, I have not room to explain how this remedy is for nerves of the stomach

3,000,000,000 MILE AREA IN THE LATEST SPOTS ON THE SUN



MOST RECENT DISCOVERIES OF SUN SPOTS AT HARVARD.

Photographed Specially for the Boston American by Professor Pic kering of Harvard Observatory.

Astronomical World Again Marvels at Freaks of the Solar System.

The mysteries of the solar world have again been brought to light by the occurrence of spots on the sun. Astronomers are again marvelling at what they are pleased to call an unexplainable freak. The present spots now visible are smaller than those which appeared on February 5, though they are believed to cover an area of 3,000,000,000 square miles on the sun's surface.

This photograph of the sun spots was made at the Harvard Observatory especially for the BOSTON AMERICAN by Professor Edward C. Pickering. It shows the spots to be about in the same position on the sun's surface as the spots which were visible February 5.

Prof. Pickering of the Harvard Observatory is inclined to make light of the present phenomena and says through the BOSTON AMERICAN that they have but little significance. There is nothing to fear from them, he says. They do not forecast storms on the earth and their reported occurrences at intervals ranging from eleven to fourteen years have long since become regular.

The spots will probably be visible for about ten days, and we may not see sun spots again for another decade at the least.

Professor Pickering, of Harvard, Discusses Phenomena for the Boston American.

HOFFMANN QUARTET IN FINE CONCERT

By Kent Perkins.

The Hoffman Quartet fully maintained last night its reputation for masterly interpretation of chamber music at its first concert of the season in Potter Hall. A large audience was present and was roused to frequent and warm applause.

Interest centred in the first performance of a quartet in B major by G. Strube, who was present, and was showered with plaudits at the close of the selection. The work shows much strength, ingenuity and beauty, and indicates marked advance in Mr. Strube's powers as a composer. There is evident striving after novelty, however, and efforts in that direct are more manifest than a deep and consistent inspiration. This results in an impression of unrest without definite object, and detracts from the incidental beauties of the work.

The players gave the utmost intelligence, sympathy and skill in their performance and shared largely in the enthusiasm displayed by the audience.

A posthumous quartet movement in C minor, by Schubert, a veritable gem of tender and passionate beauty, was given with exquisite expression.

Goldbeck's piano quintet, op. 20, in B-flat major, with Ernst Perabo assisting at the piano, was nobly interpreted. Its sparkling opening allegro, its deeply emotional adagio, with hymn-like moments and suggestion of church bells, its dashing scherzo and spirited finale, allegro, were played with deep appreciation and fine breadth of feeling.

Mr. Perabo's excellently proportioned and expressive accompaniment added much to the exceedingly satisfactory ensemble.

NO PROTECTION FROM FIRE IN NEEDHAM

Needham citizens are much alarmed over conditions in the Fire Department, and it is feared in case of a blaze that some of the men hired by Assistant Chief Upham will respond to an alarm. Property owners fear that insurance companies will increase their rates. It is hoped that measures will be taken at the town meeting on Monday next which will give people more confidence.

After some trouble the assistant fire chief enrolled eight or nine citizens to replace the men who have left Hose 1 and Ladder 1, but when the new men heard the grievances of the striking firemen, all refused to assist in the attempted reorganization.

In the Highlandville branch of the department there are nine men. During the last part of these are in Boston, and most of the rest in Newton Upper Falls, so that the Board of Engineers would be about the only ones to respond to an alarm.

People are getting out their lines of garden hose and looking up stray pails, to be prepared in case of an emergency. The Natick, Wellesley and Newton departments have been requested to lend their aid if their services are required.

It is said that the Board of Selectmen would be glad to have the present Board of Engineers tender their resignations, as there is no doubt that a new board would reinstate Foreman Mills and end the dissatisfaction.

Treasurer Donahue paid the salaries of every man connected with Hose 1 and Ladder 1, thus officially recognizing the fact that the men had definitely severed their connection with the department.

The body of America's first naval hero lies in an almost forgotten Paris cemetery. A bill is before Congress to bring it home. Illustrated page feature in next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

BURGLAR SHOT DEAD BY BRAVE STATION AGENT

Special to the Boston American.

UNIONVILLE, Conn., March 2.—One burglar was shot dead and another escaped after exchanging a number of shots early to-day with A. A. Burnham, the station agent of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad at this place.

Mr. Burnham, who lives about thirty yards from the station, was aroused by the ringing of a burglar alarm, which is connected with the station. Dressing hastily, he caught up a rifle and went to the station. He caught sight of two men in the building in front of the safe. He ran around the corner and was seen by the burglars, one of whom fired a shot which whizzed past his head through the side window.

Mr. Burnham returned the fire through the window. He heard one of the men give a cry and fall. The second man climbed out of a back window, and he too ran away in the darkness fired four shots at Mr. Burnham.

Shot Through Head.

The latter fired nearly a dozen shots at the retreating figure, but evidently did not hit him.

The man ran south toward Farmington. The fusillade aroused all the neighbors, a number of whom hastened to the scene. Dr. M. J. Morrissey was called, and it was found that the man who was shot had been killed instantly. The bullet from Mr. Burnham's rifle entered the back of his head and came out through his ear.

A chewing gum machine in the station had been broken open and $4 in small change taken. The burglar, who had evidently took this with him. There was evidence that the men had prepared to work on the safe when they were surprised.

Had Pint of Powder.

The dead man is middle aged, about five feet six inches in height, weighs 140 pounds, has a heavy dark full beard which conceals several warty eruptions on his face. He wore dark clothes and a slouch hat. On his right arm was tattoed an eagle and shield. In his pockets was found two half pint bottles of black powder, some burglars' keys and a set of burglars' tools. Nothing was found by which he could be identified.

About seven o'clock last night Mr. Burnham's daughter saw two strangers sitting in the station but took little notice of them. It is believed they were the burglars. The body of the dead man was taken to a local undertaking shop.

COUNT JILTED BY MISS HOWE ASKS DAMAGES

De Cini, Whose Wealthy Fiancee Married a Lawyer, Seeks Financial Balm.

WILL CLAIM THOUSANDS

PITTSBURG, March 2.—Balm for his wounded heart, honor and bank account, in the form of a few paltry hundreds of thousands of dollars, will be sought by Count Charles De Cini, whose fiancee, Miss Elizabeth Howe, the wealthiest heiress in Pennsylvania, jilted him and married Frank P. Sproull, a young lawyer, with whom she had been in love since childhood.

Count De Cini is in New York. He heard of the marriage of his fiancee soon after he landed yesterday, and righteous indignation at once possessed him.

He was to have received $40,000 in cash from Miss Howe; his debts, which are said to amount to about $50,000, were to have been paid, and he was to have received an annual allowance of $10,000.

It was announced that he would attempt to recover the full amount he would have received during his life, but how he will determine the number of years before him was not stated.

Count De Cini is a nephew of the late Pope. He and Miss Howe were to have been married last November in London, but for some reason, partly, it is said, because of his demands, the wedding did not take place. Miss Howe returned to America and Tuesday was married quietly to Mr. Sproull in Allegheny. The wedding was private, only a few friends being present. Miss Howe is estimated to be the heiress to at least $10,000,000.

A new character, discovered by Swinnerton, makes his bow to the fun-loving public in the great Comic Section of next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

BOSTON MAN SLAYS SELF IN LYNN HOUSE

Plato and Aristotle, He Says in Note, Might Have Been Cause of His Death.

HAD BEEN WELL EDUCATED

Too much Aristotle.
Too much Plato.
And too much mingling with those
Who were strangers to the names of both
May be the cause of all this, but for once
It cannot be laid to whiskey.

This classical allusion was found in the pockets of William F. Cunnalngs, who, it is believed, killed himself in the room of a friend at No. 74 Tremont street, Lynn.

Cunnalngs was thirty-two years old. He was married, but had been separated from his wife. His father lives at No. 132 Homes avenue, Dorchester. At one time he was employed by the General Electric Company, and later was a motorman. It is said that he was well educated.

Drink, in spite of the declaration in his letter, is believed to have caused his downfall. Some years ago it is said he attempted suicide in Lynn as the result of an unsuccessful love affair.

A bottle that had contained ethereal was found in the man's pocket, and Medical Examiner Pinkham believes he poisoned himself.

HE'S 80, SHE'S 14; THEY ELOPE

LAUREL, Del., March 2.—Joseph Hill, an octogenarian farmer residing at Bethelville, four miles from Laurel, eloped with Sallie, the fourteen-year-old daughter of Philip Schaeffer, a Nanticoke fisherman.

Hill, who is a well-to-do farmer, took his bride home and his children, grandchildren and great-grandchildren greeted her in the most friendly manner. The relatives of the bride also seem pleased.

WASHINGTON PLEASED BY FAIR WEATHER

City Already Gay With Bunting for Inauguration on Saturday.

PHILIPPINE SCOUTS ARRIVE.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—The citizen of Washington and their thousands of visiting friends awoke to a high order of relief today when they found the sun shining brightly on the inaugural hunting. Yesterday it snowed and sleeted and blew by turns, and the streets which had been cleared from the White House to the Capitol during the previous few days were again rendered almost impassable to pedestrians. The morning bright and early, the snow shovelers were set at work once more, and it is said all inaugural headquarters that before Saturday the asphalt on the line of march will be as clean as a parlor table.

The weather predictions point to an ideal inauguration day. Although it is quite sharp to-day, the local forecaster announces "clear and warmer" to-morrow and adds that there are no atmospheric disturbances in sight for Saturday. Early to-day the crowd began to arrive in earnest. Not until yesterday was the low rate transportation by the railroads in effect, so the visitors who started earlier were obliged to purchase ordinary tickets.

Nearly all the historic statues which are to line either side of the Court of History in front of the White House are in place, and those which have not already been set upon their pedestals will be put there to-day. The bamboo flagstaffs from the Philippines, to be borne in the parade, are also in position, each surmounted by the shield of a State or Territory.

One of the first of the military organizations to arrive for duty in the parade was the battalion of Philippine scouts. They have just arrived from Jefferson Barracks, near St. Louis, where they have been quartered since the return of the World's Fair. The scouts marched up Pennsylvania avenue with their blankets rolled over their backs. The early morning crowds gave them an enthusiastic ovation as they swung up the broad street.

"STAY AT HOME AND RAISE BABIES"

Illinois Women So Advised at Equal Suffrage Bill Hearing at Springfield, Ill.

EMINENT WOMEN ANGERED

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 2.—The women suffragists of Illinois are wroth against Senators Bartley and Cunningham of the Illinois Legislature for insulting them, as they declare, by telling them to their faces at a suffrage hearing to "stay at home and raise babies."

The suffragists, numbering some of the most prominent women of the State, came to the Capitol to urge the passage of the "Equal Suffrage" bill.

They were subjected to considerable jolting from the legislators. They bore it with fortitude, but their patience snapped when Senator Bartley gravely arose and said:

Mr. President: I would offer the following amendment, that all after the enacting clause be stricken out and the following inserted: "That women and females should be at home, taking care of the house and raising babies, as provided by Roosevelt's special message and Wagner's 'Simple Life.'"

There was a howl of laughter from the men and looks of disgust from the women.

"I second that motion," shouted someone from the Senate floor. No Senator acknowledges the offer of the seconding motion, but the women now say it was Senator Cunningham.

In the waves of laughter following, some say the motion was carried, some say not. Anyway, most of the women flounced out from the chamber fairly sizzling with anger.

They went to their homes and started to retaliate. They are planning to advertise Bartley and Cunningham all through their senatorial districts as "insulters of women."

"Stay at home, raise babies, Roosevelt and the Simple Life," they say angrily. "We'll put those men where they'll lead a simple political life for awhile. Babies, indeed!"

And the whole State House is offering suggestions to Bartley and Cunningham.

JORDAN MARSH CO.

ESTABLISHED 1851

Our Standard Always the Highest — Our Prices Absolutely the Lowest — Our Stock Always the Largest

THE BEST VALUES OF THE YEAR IN

MEN'S Rain Coats Spring Top Coats and Overcoats

Street Floor—Rear.

The splendid varieties designed for this week's special offerings are goods of highest standard in each particular grade, and at prices quoted are bargains that no economical man will miss.

Rain Coats

Dark and Medium Effects
In mixtures and plain materials, regular 15.00 and 18.00 values, as leaders for the spring season. Special price 10.00

Paddock Rain Coats
Limited number in dark materials suitable for immediate use. Regular prices 22.00 and 25.00. Now... 19.75

Spring Top Coats
English Covert cloths in the new shades of tan and olive, at
10.00 and 15.00
Silk lined .....18.00 to 30.00

Full Assortment Black and Oxford Medium Weight Overcoats
For immediate wear, at
10.00 and 15.00
Silk lined .....18.00 to 35.00

We Have About 25 Winter Overcoats Left
They are mostly large sizes (38 to 44) in Black and Oxford. The prices have been 12.50 to 16.50. Our price to close 6.75

THE CORRECT STYLES FOR SPRING WEAR IN

Men's and Youths' Soft and Derby Hats

Street Floor—Rear.

Our first showing of New Models includes the best productions of the best makers. The fashion leaders of the opening season are fully represented in our unrivalled assortments.

The New "Miller" Derby
Black and fashionable shades of brown..... 5.00

Complete Line of the Exclusive Stetson Models
Derby hats..... 4.00 and 6.00
Soft hats, all new colors, 4.00 to 10.00

Guyer and Other Leading Makes in the best 3.00 grades.

Best Value in Boston in 2.00 Derby Hats
Black and new shades of brown. Special display of silk and opera crush hats. Prices 5.00, 7.00, 8.00

SPECIAL UNDERPRICE OFFERING

Manufacturer's Sample Line of MEN'S Cotton Shirts and Drawers

Street Floor—Summer St. Entrance.

75c and 1.50 Values — Sale Price 59c

The greatest bargain opportunity of the season, all perfect goods, carefully made and finished materials, mercerized Sea Island cotton, balbriggan and fine fine thread, in white and ecru; shirts size 40, drawers size 36.

SPECIAL REDUCTION SALE

Men's and Boys' Heavy Sweaters and Cardigan Jackets

Street Floor—Summer St. Entrance.

All winter weights marked for immediate disposal one-half price and less. Space needed for new spring goods.

Heavy Intercollegiate Sweaters
Double color and bottom, colors navy blue and black, sizes 36 to 44. Were 5.00, our special price 1.98

All-Wool Cardigan Jackets
In black, brown, navy blue and gray. Complete line of our 2.50 and 3.50 goods marked to 1.98

Intercollegiate Sweaters
Medium weight, usually sold for 2.98, colors navy blue and black. Our special price 1.50

Boys' Sweaters
All-wool, ribbed weave, button shoulder, sizes 3 to 8 years, colors navy and crimson with white trimming. Were 1.25, now 75c

FOUR SUPERIOR VALUES IN

Men's Furnishings of Fine Quality

President Suspenders
One of the most comfortable and stylish braces in the market, new assortment just received 50c

Madras Pajamas
Made of high grade madras of this season's choicest colorings, military cut and tailored in the best possible manner. Regular 1.50 goods, special price 1.00

High Grade Neckwear
A new, complete line of Persian effects, made in the most popular shape of the season, the 3¼-inch four-in-hand.. 50c

Men's Night Robes
Plain white cotton mesh, V neck, fancy trimmed, sizes 15 to 17. Regular 1.50 value, now 1.00

Men's Pilgrim Shoes

Second Floor—Rear—Summer St. Sole.

The New Pilgrims
For spring wear are arriving daily. Naturally high shoes, both lace and button style, are more in demand just now than oxfords, although there's a good assortment of the latter for early buyers. Toes a little narrower, heels a bit higher, considerable more swing to the last—these are the identifying marks of newness. But there's a plentiful showing of more conservative shapes with wider toes and lower heels, making an assortment from which the most particular man may be easily suited. Prices..... 3.00 and 3.50

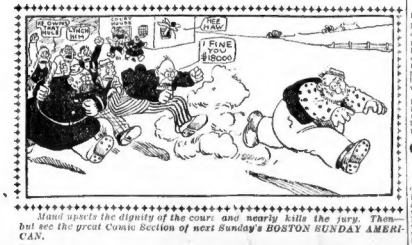
IMPORTER'S SURPLUS STOCK OF

Fine Razors

Street Floor—Front.

Regular 1.00 and 1.50 Goods
Special Price 39c

Extra quality Steel Razors, English and German makes, 5-8 and 6-8 inch blades, 3-4 and full concaved, black and fancy handles. An unapproachable bargain opportunity of special import to barbers.



THINGS LOOK SERIOUS FOR HIM

Miami upsets the dignity of the court and nearly kills the jury. Then—but see the great Comic Section of next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

GIRL WOUNDED IN SHOOTING GALLERY

While standing in the shooting gallery of Walker's Bowdoin Square Museum, Miss Florence Hilton was shot in the right forearm by the premature discharge of a rifle which some patron had laid on the counter. Miss Hilton was taken to the Relief Station, where all attempts to locate the bullet were unsuccessful. She is nineteen years old and lives at No. 1445 Washington street.

BASEBALL News of All the Leagues . BOXING Baldwin After Goodwin ATHLETICS Drawings for School Games RACING

SOME STAR LOCAL BOXERS WHO WILL APPEAR IN THE A. A. U. TOURNEY TO BE HELD NEXT MONDAY NIGHT

JOHN O'BRIEN

CHARLES MAYER

AL. BRITT

SAMUEL MOSS

CUT BASEBALL SQUAD DOWN AT HARVARD

The first cut in the Harvard baseball squad has been made. Out of the fifty candidates for the infield and outfield positions thirty-two men were retained. All these men are being worked regularly in the cage. Daily practice in batting under Coach Keeler and fielding practice under Coach Murphy and Captain Randall is being held.

The men retained on the squad are: Adams, Bolton, Bradbury, J. Burns, Colby, G. S. Dexter, W. D. Dexter, Evans, Fish, Gallagher, Gardiner, Giles, C. Greenough, H. Greenough, A. Grant, E. Grant, Hugh Kernan, C. Leonard, McGrath, Mahar, Mathewes, Mitchell, Nesmith, Newhall, G. G. Peters, Powers, Russell, Spencer, Usher, Sperry, C. J. Stevens and Wickersham.

"YOUNG CORBETT" GOING TO RETIRE

SAN FRANCISCO, March 2.—The Hayes Valley A. C. gave Battling Nelson $4,262.40, which was sixty per cent. of the gross receipts as the winner's end of the purse in his fight with "Corbett." The latter got $2,841.60. The gross receipts were $14,208. As it took Nelson less than thirty-five minutes to beat the Denverite, he was paid at the rate of $81.05 per minute.

"I am through with the boxing game," was "Corbett's" and announcement to-day. Of those who saw the fight there is hardly one to doubt the Denverite's wisdom in retiring from the roped arena, at least so far as Battling Nelson is concerned.

Nelson said to-day with enthusiasm: "I can whip Britt as easily as I did 'Corbett,' and I will let any amount of money in reason that I can lick any lightweight in the world, barring none, who I think is the premier of the class.

Whether Britt will ever meet again in this city next month depends upon the fate of the arbitrating Directors, who will meet on for passage this week. Al Herford, who is here with Nelson, promises to offer a liberal purse to appear before his Baltimore Club, if boxing is barred in the State.

Herford, in behalf of Gans, said to-day: "Joe will take the limit and let the aspirants for the lightweight title fight it out among themselves. He will be ready at the proper time to defend the championship."

FOR GOLF CHAMPIONSHIP.

The executive committee of the United States Golf Association has decided upon the dates for the three championships of the association. The meetings will be held as follows: Tuesday, August 8, to Saturday, August 12, amateur championship at the Chicago G. C., Wheaton, Ill.; Thursday and Friday, September 21 and 22, open championship at the Myopia Hunt Club, Hamilton, Mass.; Tuesday, October 3, to Saturday, October 7, women's championship at the Morris County G. C., Morristown, N. J.

WILL FENCE TIGERS.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—Georgetown will hold its most important match of the season when the fencing team meets Princeton's tomorrow in the college hall.

WILLIE CONNELL

SMALL TALK FOR BASEBALL FANS

There will be five Delehantys in the field next season. They are all brothers of the late Ed—the only Del. Tom will captain the Seattle team of the Pacific Coast League. Joe will be with the Buffalo team, champions of the Eastern League. Jim, who was once a Giant, will play with the Boston Nationals, and Frank is a member of the Montgomery, Ala., team. Willie, the youngest brother, made his professional debut last year with the Oswego, N. Y., club, and has several offers for next season. This is the first instance of six brothers all making their living as professional ball players.

* * *

"The mystery of the 'stop ball,' which Pitcher Ames of the New York Nationals is talking about, is easily cleared up," said Hans Wagner. "The reason the ball stops—changes directions is a letter long as that it most always hits the ball a little and bounds back over the centre field fence.

* * *

This is the way the baseball leagues on the Coast map look next year: California League—Sacramento, Oakland, Los Angeles and Pasadena.

Pacific Northwest League—Portland, Tacoma, Boise City, Butte, Spokane, Salt Lake and Helena.

There is one thing and only one thing that can prevent it—a money making season for every club in the league this year. Of late years none of the clubs have been making large sums and the seasons have been especially hard on the teams from the northern limit.

* * *

Red Donahue writes from Hot Springs: "There are a number of players here now, and not only will there be able to get two games in the field on Sunday, but the Cleveland pitchers will also be greatly assisted this week by getting loose practice, especially in perfecting Bonin's 'spit ball.' There here are Bill Clarke, of the Washingtons, Jim McGuire of the Highlanders, Bram, of the Cardinals, Kingdon of the Phillies, Manager McGraw, Mike Donlin, Jack Gilbert and Metzger, of the Giants. That makes a total of sixteen, and there will be nearly as many more this week, so we will have no trouble in getting up two complete games by Sunday for the benefit of the fire sufferers."

* * *

Minor league managers already are looking around for college players to join their teams after the college close for the Summer. Some of them will have to look out for "one knee, you know," is the minor league manager's cry. Many college players will rather make expenses by playing ball than by working during the Summer on the pitching lay for $25 per month.

CLANCY GIVES BUDDY RYAN A HARD BOUT

Special to the Boston American.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., March 2.—Jack Clancy outpointed a majority of the ring fans at the National A. C. by giving Buddy Ryan it for fair. Moreover, there were many points in the fight, when Ryan was outpointed and outfought by his rival from Chicago.

Clancy was game as a pebble and stood up and took punishment whenever Ryan had any to dispense. There were several stages of the battle when Ryan seemed worried and was obviously afraid that his less experienced rival would give him free rein. Then it was that the cool head of his slowness and gave Clancy some hard punches. The latter still had his wallop with him, and more than one time Ryan were fighting fiercely.

MATTY BALDWIN AFTER GOODWIN

Matty Baldwin is now looking for the best men in his class, and wants to match up with Johnny Goodwin at 122-126 pounds, which is the weight that the Chelsea lad usually tackles his opponents at. He will consider Kid Kraus of the same standard. Matty has an offer from the National A. C., of Philadelphia, and will shortly go to the Quaker city for matches.

* * *

Sam Langford has been having everything his own way in this section and has taken the measure of several Philadelphia men with the aid of extra weight to lend on them, but the ground that he is up against at the Douglas A. A. meeting to-morrow night is something different as George Cole is in Langford's class in weight and is every bit as tough. His ability and cleverness speak for themselves, as he has faced some of the best men in the land and got away with them. That Cole is travelling some is conclusive by the easy way he disposed of Mike Schoch the other night. Schoch is mentioned with such men as George Gardner, Jack Willis, Jack O'Brien and Jack (Twin) Sullivan, and Cole's victory is a big feather.

* * *

George Murray, the clever Little Lynn boy, will make his first appearance in the ring since he met Chester Goodwin some months ago at Sidney against the Buffalo Sunflower, next Tuesday night, in a ten-round bout. Murray has taken a much-needed rest and is better for it, and will be able to show the best work he is capable of. If he wins he will go after Pinkie Evans, Rosie O'Brien and Jimmy Walsh, as he can easily handle 126 pounds, and feels that he can beat any of them at that weight.

* * *

There will be a strong card of well-known talent at Keith Abington to-night at the rooms of the Young Kelly meets Johnny Alger, in the main bout, while Mahar, Mason, Cole and Bolger and Frank Hawkins and Haywood Briggs take the preliminary of six rounds.

* * *

Maurice Thompson had a taste of the raw deals of decisions that are given in Milwaukee when he beat Charley Neary in a polo, but got the short end. Several Eastern fighters have suffered in the same way by the "native son" officials.

* * *

Buddy Ryan begins to fear for his alleged title of welterweight champion, as he has heard that Joe Walcott will get into the ring again. Ryan claims the crown of the welterweights since he defeated Honey Mellody in a short distance bout. Ryan's manager says: "If Walcott decides to get back into the game he must fight and beat Ryan before we will surrender the title. I doubt if Walcott will ever be able to fight as he is the old days, and I think that Buddy will have easy work beating him."

New York Fighters Will Be Here for BIG AMATEUR BOUTS

Though the entries for the National Amateur Boxing championships will be held in Mechanics' building next Monday night, have closed, all of the names have not been received, but it is known that in some of the York ones. This is owing to the fact that some of the New York clubs made entries with James E. Sullivan, secretary of the Amateur Athletic Union, who will bring them to Boston in a day or two. The Mott Haven A. C., however, sent their entries direct to the local committee, and have named the following men: W. Smith, 105 pounds; Ambrose J. McGarty, who won second in the 125-pound class at the championships last year, has again entered the same class; Danny Payne, heavyweight, and H. Schneider in the 158-pound class. Besides these, the Pastime A. C., of New York, has two crack boxers in the 125 class, while Crescent will enter candidates in addition to those B. J. Diamond of the Independent A. C. of Brooklyn, a boy who is considered remarkably fast, has entered the 112-pound class. Charles Mayer, the 105-pound champion of 1898, will be seen in the 115-pound class, while Jack Egan, who won second in the 125-pound class at the championships last year, has again entered the same class. Danny Payne, heavyweight, and H. Schneider in the 158-pound class. Besides these, the Pastime A. C., of New York, has two crack boxers in the 125 class, while Crescent will enter candidates in addition to those B. J. Diamond of the Independent A. C. of Brooklyn, a boy who

BY TEN STRIKE.

Matches To-Night.

Business A Bridges' League—Bridges, Merritt Chap. Dana, Warren, Bridges & Fitzgerald vs. Parks, Webster.

Mechanic League—Mahler vs. Rooney; Miller vs. Emslie; Redfern vs. Rooney; Woodin at Everett, Mahler.

Mechanic League B.—H. White vs. Andrew Wilson; Ryan vs. Wilson; Ryan vs. Wilson; Marsh; Langley, Burt vs. Electric Gas Lighting.

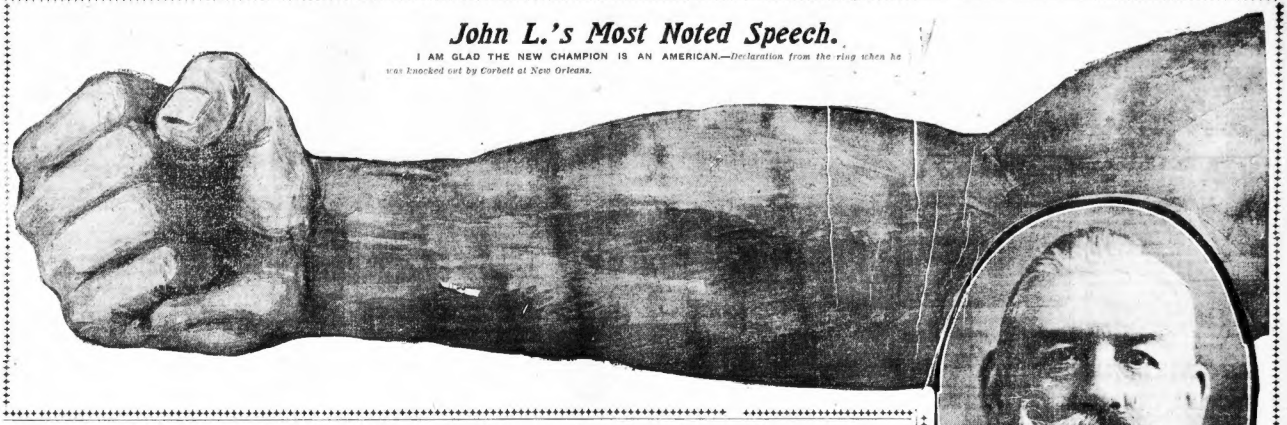
Mechanic League C.—Bridges vs. Bridges; Bridges vs. Bridges; Bridges vs. Bridges;

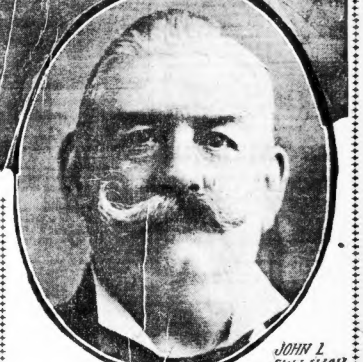
JOHN L. The World's Most Famous Prize Fighter WHIPS In Two Rounds The Husky Texan Boxer M'CORMICK And Proves His Ring Superiority EASILY

JOHN L. SULLIVAN AND HIS FAMOUS RIGHT THAT PUT JACK McCORMICK TO SLEEP IN TWO ROUNDS

John L.'s Most Noted Speech.

I AM GLAD THE NEW CHAMPION IS AN AMERICAN.—*Declaration from the ring when he was knocked out by Corbett at New Orleans.*





JOHN L. SULLIVAN

With a Terrible Right on the Jaw in the Second Round

JOHN L. KNOCKS OUT THE TEXAN

John L. Will Go After Topnotchers.

BY JOHN L. SULLIVAN.

I do not think that Jeffries, Fitzsimmons or Corbett can stop me in ten rounds. I am feeling excellent and am confident that I can put up a hard fight. I stand back of my previous statements as to being able to stay with any of the topnotchers. Of course, it will take a great deal more training to reduce my weight and to increase my endurance powers, but I hope to have fully regained my old prestige in the realms of fistiana before many days have passed. There is one fighter that I would rather "do up" than any other man in the game to-day. This is no riddle, and I might as well mention that his name is James J. Corbett. If there ever was a shine fighter in the business, it is he. Corbett caught me off my guard when I lost the championship to him back in '92, but I bet he won't catch me napping again. I have had one long tussle with John Barleycorn, but now that I have side-tracked that gent I will go after the other fellows and cast them into oblivion in just as easy fashion. Corbett will be a cinch for me, and I will have him on the boards before ten rounds. I suppose all the fans thought I was putting up a big bluff when I said I was going to re-enter the ring. Not much! I have more fight in me than ever, now that I have conquered the booze habit, and there will be a lot more of the topnotchers relegated to the background by me, like Texan Jack McCormick.

John L.'s Career in Brief

Born in Boston, October 15, 1858.

First contest in 1880, defeated Joe Goss, former champion.

Defeated "Prof." John Donaldson at Cincinnati, December 14, 1880; ten rounds.

Defeated Steve Taylor, March 31, 1881.

Fought John Flood on a barge at New York, May 16, 1881; won in eight rounds.

Won championship of America from Ryan at Mississippi City, February 7, 1882.

Knocked Jim Elliott out in three rounds at Washington Park, New York, July 4, 1882.

Fought Charley Mitchell in Madison Square Garden, May 14, 1883; fight stopped by police.

Knocked out Paddy Ryan at San Francisco, November 13, 1885.

Famous battle with Charley Mitchell, at Apremont, France, March 10, 1888; fight lasted over three hours and was called a draw.

Defeated Jake Kilrain at Richburg, Miss., July, 8, 1889, in 75-round fight.

Lost championship to James J. Corbett at New Orleans, La., September 7, 1892.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., March 2.—John Sullivan, the one-time champion heavyweight fighter of the world, is again to the front in the gladiatorial arena.

In a four-round bout with Jack McCormick, of Galveston, who was trained to fight Kid McCoy, the great John L. knocked out his opponent in the second round, and it was fully ten minutes before McCormick could be revived. Sullivan did it with a single punch from his resurrected "terrible right."

WANTS FIGHT WITH FITZ.

Sullivan is now out with a challenge to fight Robert Fitzsimmons, the discoverer of the solar plexus blow. John L. declares that he feels that he will be able to give a good account of himself with the freckled Australian. A purse of $10,000 has been offered for Sullivan and Fitz to meet at Guthrie, Oklahoma. Sullivan accepted on the spot when the letter reached him last night. Fitz has not been heard from yet.

"Nothing would please me more," said the old champion, "than to meet Fitz. I do not think Jeffries, Corbett or Fitzsimmons can stop me in eight or ten rounds. I am in good shape for a hard fight."

When the men faced each other in the centre of the ring McCormick was smiling as if amused at the idea of Sullivan thinking he could still fight. He lost his smile a second later when Sullivan landed one of his famous right jolts to the jaw and followed it up with a left body blow.

Sullivan evidently realized that he did not have the wind to last very long, for he forced matters, cutting loose a fusillade of jabs, jolts and swings, and not giving McCormick a chance to lead. McCormick rushed, and granted as John's left flat met his stomach. Sullivan led with his right and McCormick ducked, only to receive a hard left uppercut. McCormick danced about the centre of the ring, while Sullivan swung slowly about, waiting for him. After two or three light blows they clinched, and on the break Sullivan sent McCormick staggering to the ropes with a left swing.

John L. Short of Wind.

The Texas man tried to keep away, but John L., puffing and blowing, kept after him, and finally sent him to his knees with a heavy right. When time was called McCormick was on his knees and dazed, while Sullivan, without an ounce of breath left in his body, but with his cheat thrown out, went to his corner with his oldtime swagger.

McCormick tried to assume the aggressive in the second, but John L. did not give him a chance. He went after the Texan from the call of time, landing heavy blows and taking a few light ones in return. A short-arm blow in the stomach took a lot of the fight out of McCormick, and from that time until he went down and out he was simply trying to keep dancing about the stage with Sullivan on him all the time.

Once, in a rally, Sullivan was staggered for a second by a blow on the jaw, but he quickly recovered and bored in again. A moment later McCormick was sent to his knees.

He got up only to go down again, close to the ropes. He slipped away with Sullivan in pursuit, sending in right and left blows in quick succession.

Still Has the Punch.

McCormick fought blindly, all his blows going wild, until at last the terrible right caught him on the point of the jaw, and it was all over.

Sullivan thereupon, panting and puffing, made a speech, in which he challenged any man in the world, Jeffries preferred, wielding on, as usual, "Yours truly, John L. Sullivan." He left the ring, evidently very proud of his showing, amid volleys of cheers.

McCormick has won considerable fame as a fighter, having knocked out Billy Stift in two rounds and Sandy Ferguson in five. He was believed to have a fair chance in his coming battle with McCoy.

Shortly after the fight Sullivan received a letter from the proprietors of the Arcade Hotel, at Guthrie, Oklahoma, offering a purse of $10,000 for a fight between him and Fitzsimmons. Sullivan accepted, and a copy of the letter has been forwarded to Fitzsimmons for his acceptance. Sullivan says nothing would please him more than to fight the Australian.

JOHN L.'S VICTORY PLEASES THE SPORTS

John L. Sullivan's victory in two rounds over Texas Jack McCormick at Grand Rapids, Mich., is being broadly discussed in all the leading sporting resorts of this city today, and according to many of the best-known followers of the squared ring game the old-time champion would be able to hold his own against any of the fighters of to-day, barring *Jeffries*, if he would get rid of some of his surplus flesh.

It came as rather a surprise that John L. should win so decisive a victory over the man who sent Billy Stift and others of the heavyweights to-day to the "woods." When it was announced that the old Boston fighter was to meet McCormick in a four-round bout it was generally believed that the bout was simply a sparring affair. But to think that it should end as it did came as a big surprise to everybody.

Patsey Sheppard Surprised.

Probably the most surprised man in Boston is Patsey Sheppard, John L.'s old manager. Although Patsey knew that his old champion still has that wicked punch which brought to him fortunes, he could hardly realize that the gray-haired, good-natured John L. had wields done battle inside the arena. Following are the opinions of a number of the leading sporting men on the fight and as to John L.'s chances against Corbett, Fitzsimmons, Jeffries and other leading fighting men:

PATSEY SHEPPARD—Although surprised to learn that John had again taken to fighting, I was not surprised to learn that he had won as he usually did in the olden days—by a knockout. Although he weighs in the neighborhood of 300 pounds he is still fast on his feet, has the same wicked punch which won thousands of dollars for him, and I honestly believe that Corbett, Fitzsimmons, Sharkey and even Jeffries would be forced to travel at a fast rate to beat him. Three cheers for John L.

DENNY KELLEHER'S OPINION.

DENNY KELLEHER—Well, what do you think of that? The old man has been anxious to get back at the game for a long time, but I never believed that he would be able to show any of his old time form as he did against McCormick, who many considered a possible candidate for Jeffries's honors. Of course, I don't believe that he can beat Corbett if Corbett is a great deal better than he was, but he might be able to make Gentleman Jim hustle some. As to John having a chance with Fitzsimmons, I think that they would put up a corking good bout.

TOM EARLY—I was surprised to hear the report that Sullivan won so decisive a victory. He certainly has the old punch up his sleeve yet.

MIKE BRENNAN—McCormick thought that he was going to have a snap with old John, but he was sadly fooled. That "terrible right" must be as good as ever, for McCormick, they tell me, was in the land of dreamers for over ten minutes. He and Fitzsimmons should be able to put up a great fight.

PETER DOWD—I was never more surprised in my life than to learn that old John L. put McCormick away in such short order as two rounds. I have always believed, however, that he still carried that terrible punch in his right arm, for I saw him use it one night when attacked by a gang of rowdies.

COULD WHIP JOHN L.

JOHNNY KEENAN—I am not surprised in the least. I have said right along that John L. had that old-time punch with him and your Jack McCormick's hopes of becoming a champion has been given a setback. Fitzsimmons would find his match in Sully.

SANDY FERGUSON—McCormick is a hard man for the best in the business to trim. He is a dirty fighter and I am glad that John L. stowed him away in such short order. The old fellow certainly has not lost his famous punch. Fitzsimmons or Corbet, would find him a worthy opponent. I guess I will have to challenge "the old man."

CHARLEY WALDRON—John weighs nearly 300 pounds, but, according to all accounts, he was fast on his feet. I was not surprised in the least, for I knew that he had that terrible right with him still. If he meets Fitzsimmons the speckled fighter wants to look out.

CHARLEY LAVIS—I don't believe that Corbett, Fitzsimmons or even Jeffries could stop John L. Inside of ten rounds.

JOHN L. READY FOR ANY ONE IN FOUR-ROUND BOUT

Special to the Boston American.

LAWRENCE, Mass., March 2.—John L. Sullivan has written a letter to a local admirer in which he says: "James J. Corbett has made up his mind never to come out from the bushes again, and absolutely declines to meet me in the ring. Perhaps with the aid of the press, I can still force him to meet me. In the meantime I have made up my mind to fight Jim Fitzsimmons and James J. Jeffries. I will spar any man you may put before me for four rounds, barring no one."

Sullivan is expected East shortly.

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The Romance of the Century

BEGINS IN NEXT SATURDAY'S BOSTON AMERICAN

And a Revelation of Boston Social Life That Will Amaze New England

Why Our Girls Leave Home, by Dorothy Dix

DOROTHY DIX

ONE of the curious social features of our day is the exodus of girls from their homes.

The old ideal of family life pictured the daughters as sitting sheltered, protected, and contented in the home nest, and it was regarded as a great misfortune when one of these tender creatures was thrust by circumstances out of this safe haven into the cruel world.

But the home nest seems to have no attractions for the modern young woman, and instead of cuddling down to it, she is frantically anxious to fly away from it.

This is not peculiar to any grade of society. It is a universal mania among women.

The college bred girl yearns to leave her father's house, no matter how luxurious it is, and go to live in a studio with a chafing dish and other dyspepsia breeding appurtenances.

The village maiden's dream of bliss is to get away from home and mother and into some city.

The poor girl prefers the exhausting labor and long hours of factory or store to doing needed domestic work in her own home.

The rich girl who has neither the culture nor the talent to enable her to aspire to a career, nor the necessity of going out to be a clerk, or a stenographer, or typewriter, will marry simply to get away from home.

This is an abnormal state of affairs, and doubly unfortunate because the home needs the girls and the girls need the home.

It is a blighting disappointment to parents, who have spent thousands of dollars in educating a daughter, when she refuses to stay at home and brighten and cheer the family circle with her culture and intelligence.

It is a cruel hardship to a mother who has spent her life toiling to rear a family of girls, and who has looked forward to having her burdens lightened when they were old enough to assist her, to have her daughters turn their backs upon their home and leave her to struggle on with the domestic load unaided.

"We had looked forward for years to the time when Janie would be through school, and would fill the house with gay young company," say the lonely rich parents, "but she was not satisfied to stay at home and she is in Paris or Louisie, cultivating her voice and studying art.

"We had expected to enjoy Eleanor's companionship so much," say the parents, who have sacrificed everything to give their daughter a college education, "but it bored her to stay at home, and she is living in a settlement in New York or Chicago."

"I had thought that Mary would help me raise the younger children, and that I might have a little time to rest when she was grown," sighs the poor mother of a big family, "but she didn't like to work at home and she is clerking in a store in Boston."

If every girl who finds the home circle too narrow for her and is bent upon getting away from it was a genius who could win some great triumph in the outer world; if she had some special fitness even for doing some work outside of her home, or if she was so poor she needed the money she could earn away from home, it would be right and proper for her to go wherever her destiny called her.

This is not the case, however, with the majority of girls who leave home. The average girl is in no danger whatever of setting the world on fire with her genius; she has no mission to elevate society, and she could be more profitably employed in her own home than she is outside of it.

The most pathetic thing in Boston today is the thousands of young women who have left good homes, and kind parents, and comfortable surroundings to come here to starve, and freeze, and grow morbid and morose, living in hall bedrooms in third-class boarding houses.

These girls lack everything to which they have been accustomed. They lack almost everything they should have—they lack protection, they lack guidance, they lack restraining influences, they lack the good society and innocent amusements that are a necessity to youth.

Yet they seem to feel that they are amply compensated for all they miss simply being away from home.

Why is this?

Why should girls be so generally dissatisfied with their own homes, why should they find so little interest in them, and be so anxious to leave them?

Is the fault with the girls themselves or with the parents?

It is a modern problem that is well worthy of study, and one which I trust the readers of the BOSTON AMERICAN will try to help us solve.

DOROTHY DIX.

CHARMING NEW GOWN FOR EVENING WEAR

This Gown, Recently Worn by the Hostess at a Back Bay Dinner, is an Excellent Example of the Newest "Straight Line" Effect

THE long unbroken line is the thing for this season. Skirts will only be trimmed at or near the bottom. Of course the short skirt will still be worn for exercise and morning. For dressier occasions it will quite touch the ground all round. The dinner and evening gown here illustrated is of soft white messaline. The skirt is fulled at the waist, and falls in graceful folds. A wide band of white panne finishes the bottom, and very handsome white and silver embroidery gives just the finish necessary to this simple but exquisitely cut gown. The high draped belt and full upper part of the bodice, fichu style, gives the appearance of slimness to the waist. This model is a good example indeed of the unbroken line.

A similar gown was seen at a recent Back Bay dinner, and was wonderfully graceful and simple. It was worn by the hostess, who was unusually striking-looking. It was of smoke brown velours chiffon, cut en Princesse, and fell in rich folds about her slim, willowy figure.

The bodice was very prettily draped into a long point. The neck was cut semi-low, and a wide collar of fine old Venetian point completed the effect; the sleeves were very wide and full. The firelight played fitfully amongst the soft folds, and gave such an artistic charm to the whole that one was unwilling to move her eyes from the picture. Some of the new hats worn by those present were strikingly novel.

In evening coats the long, loose style will not be much worn. Everything must be carried out to show line. These coats are to be semi-fitting, with deep-belted point effect, and will be made in soft silks and velvets, with very full ruffles of soft lace about the throat and falling from the long, wide sleeves.

One coat model, especially made for a rather fully-developed woman, with the idea of reducing her size by lengthening her lines, was most successful in its intention. It was of a wine-colored velvet, cut in a semi-fitting form to about three-quarter length. The whole of this was very handsomely appliqued in guipure lace in a horizontal effect.

A full accordion-pleated flounce, edged with billiken frills of the net, fell to the feet. The sleeves were large and full, and fussy with hanging lace. The whole was on a foundation of pale blue changeant taffetas.

This same model would be charming carried out in cream Russian net, and maize or orange lining for brunettes, and would be a change from the heavier styles, and very suitable for Spring and Summer wear. It can also be made up fairly inexpensively.

What's Your Favorite Way of Cooking Eggs?

"EGGWARD the Star of Empire Takes Its Way."

These may not be the exact words of dear old Bishop Berkeley, but they state an exact fact.

It has been said that the pen was mightier than the sword. This may do for lovers of pork, but, tush! tush! The COOP is mightier than either.

What would life be without the egg? It wouldn't be. Give us eggs or give us death.

If all the eggs eaten daily in New England were placed end to end, but there! What's the use? Imagination cannot grasp such an idea of immensity. However, the fact remains that New England probably eats more eggs than any equal area on earth.

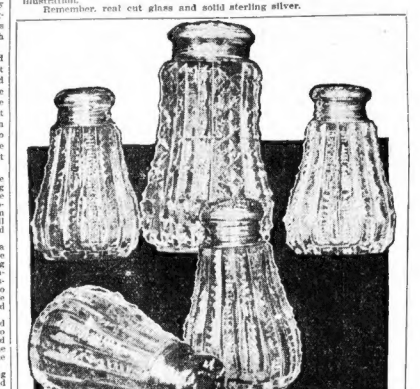
The egg can be eaten raw or cooked, that's where it differs from roast beef. Raw, there is only one way to eat it. Break the shell and swallow it. BUT there are probably several billion ways of cooking eggs.

Do you know the best way?

Just write out the most appetizing way to cook eggs you know, and mail it to the "Egg Editor, BOSTON AMERICAN, 82 Summer street, Boston."

If your recipe is one of the five best received before Sunday, March 6, you'll get a beautiful cut glass and silver breakfast set, consisting of one sugar sprinkler, two salt shakers, and two pepper dittos, as shown in the illustration.

Remember, real cut glass and solid sterling silver.



One of five breakfast sets of cut glass with solid silver mountings to be given for five best recipes for cooking eggs.

Ox Eyes

Cut slices of bread into rounds with a large cooky cutter; then cut out the centre. Toast an even golden brown and butter. Butter a round, shallow baking dish or large pie plate. Put the rings of toast on the plate, then egg carefully into a saucer and pour into each cavity in the toast; sprinkle with salt and pepper and put a little cream between the toasts. Set in the oven till the egg white is set and firm.

MRS. H. B. CROSBY.

No. 225 Lexington street, East Boston.

Eggs a la Goldenrod

Three eggs, four slices toast, one cup of thin white sauce. Cook the eggs twenty minutes. Chop the whites fine and add to the white sauce. To make thin white sauce use one cup of milk, one tablespoonful flour, one and one-half teaspoonfuls of butter, one-fourth tablespoonful salt. Put the toast on a platter, pour the white sauce over it and rub the yolks through a strainer over the top.

MRS OLA I. HYNES.

No. 3 Mountain avenue, Somerville.

Baked Egg Omelet

One tablespoon of flour, one cup of milk, three eggs beaten separately, stir flour, milk, yolks and salt together; butter a dish deep and pour the mixture into it. Then beat the whites and stir quickly in. Bake fifteen minutes and serve immediately. Yours truly,

BERTHA E. ROUNDS.

Kittery Depot, Me.

Plain Omelet

Put a smooth, clean, iron frying pan on the fire to heat; meanwhile, beat four eggs very light, the whites to a stiff froth and the yolks to a stiff batter. Add to the yolks four teaspoonfuls of milk, a little pepper and salt; and, lastly, stir in the whites lightly. Put a piece of butter into the heated pan; taking care that it does not scorch, just as it melts to boil, turn in the eggs. Hold the frying pan handle in your left hand, and, as the eggs whiten, with a spoon, draw up lightly from the bottom, letting the raw parts run in so the pan till all is equally cooked; shake with your left hand till the omelet is free from the pan, then turn one half over the other; let it remain a moment, then serve.

MRS. ELLA E. KING.

No. 62 Norfolk Street, Cambridge.

Fricasseed Eggs

Boil six eggs hard, cut in squares and set to one side. Put into a sauce pan one tablespoon butter, one tablespoon flour; cook until it bubbles and pour upon it a half pint of milk and stir until smooth. Add to this a dash of pepper and salt and ten drops of onion juice. Into this turn your hard-boiled eggs and let them get very hot. Sprinkle with minced parsley and serve with toast.

MRS. T. F. B.

No. 30 Perry avenue, Worcester.

Breaded Eggs

Boil four eggs hard and cut in thick slices, season with salt and pepper and dip in yolk of raw egg well beaten with a tablespoon of cold water. Lay the slices in bread crumbs, turning until well coated, and fry a delicate brown. Remove from pan to a hot dish and pour over them white sauce and serve.

White Sauce—One tablespoon butter, one tablespoon flour, one-half cup cold water, mix until smooth, pour over this one cup of boiling water and let boil two minutes.

MRS. J. BURKE.

No. 30 Perry avenue, Worcester.

HOW PAT WOMEN MAY APPEAR FASHIONABLY SLENDER

An article of absorbing interest to every woman in next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

Daily Short Story

Charms of Mystery

EDITH gazed at herself thoughtfully in her looking glass and told her face exactly what she thought of it.

"No, my dear," she said, "I could not honestly call you pretty. Your complexion is very fair, you have a good chin and possibly your nose is Grecian in type—they're very aggravating eyes, have known them to look very nice, violet hazels and all that sort of thing, but—you may as well know the truth—they can look very wishy-washy at times.

"And your hair is magnificent, and you don't do it very well, either. They say only eminences take after their hair, but I had never known one to be a nondescript chap myself. In fact, I'm of opinion I am very interesting and original, and I've a delightful sense of humor—that has saved so many a heartache by the way. Yet the sad residue that both you and I are unappreciated.

"No, I have an idea. It's our interesting manner and original intellect that will have to pull us through, after all. We will not remain unappreciated."

* * * * * * *

It is at a well-known riverside boarding house under the management of a highly expensible middle-aged man and his wife—by and by Mrs. Russell. The guests, comprised one or two of the usual elderly spinsters, a gouty major, a buxom widow and her two daughters, an engineer and one or two average young men.

It had been a wet day, so guests, instead of going on the river, were lounging about in hall smoking and gossiping.

Presently a little excitement was caused by the advent of a new arrival. A young woman of medium height, slender and dressed in a long fawn dust cloak, which reached to the ground, a smart dress-hat veiled and a very thick summer veil entirely hiding her face, stepped into the hall.

When Mrs. Russell came forward to receive her she spoke in a quiet, pretty voice, but did not lift her veil.

It was the custom at the house for people to lunch in their hats and outdoor clothes if they wanted to, so when Mrs. Rowland said was the new arrival's name came down still in the dust cloak and thick veil, there was no surprise, only disappointment.

Miss Rowland did not come down to dinner, nor breakfast next morning, and when she next appeared she was fully dressed in dust cloak and gauntlets, and was started out for a walk. This sort of thing went on for nearly a week, and curiosity had reached a fearful pitch. The men all seemed crazy and overwhelmed the lady with attentions, and the women gave their own conclusions.

"Some cheap actress as likely as not, my dear," said the buxom widow.

"Depend upon it," said another spinster, "things are not at all straightforward. A wolf in sheep's clothing. Why, she may be a burglar."

Now, it came to pass that Mrs. Russell, kindly soul, had promised the ladies to investigate Miss Rowland, and, if all was not as it should be, to give her notice.

With these good intentions she knocked on Miss Rowland's door one morning. She was kept waiting about two minutes and then Miss Rowland's head and face were enveloped in a large towel.

After she had gone Miss Rowland took her head out of the shawl and examined her face in the mirror.

"You're getting yourself into a nice pickle, miss," she said. "We'll utter drop our joke, eh, miss? face? But I think the spinsters should be punished, don't you?"

That night the spinster who had surprised Miss Rowland was a prisoner and other disreputable things heard a knock at her bedroom door just when she was in the act of taking off her last stocking, and thinking it was the maid with her hot water bottle called out, "Come in."

She was absolutely petrified to see a figure in a long red silk dressing gown, with a black lace mantilla hiding the entire head, come into the room.

It was never exactly known what transpired, but the spinster went into hysterics and told a hundred story next morning about how "that veiled woman" had stood dramatically in the middle of the room, muttering in sepulchral tones something about seeing "rivers of blood and 'gore-stained acres' for 'midnight's carnival,'" and had pointed a finger at her, calling upon heathens to do his work.

And the veiled lady left that morning and the engineer found he had to go to town on business that day, too.

And the next year the engineer took his wife, a nice, amiable young woman, with a pretty mouth and chin, but rather nondescript hair and eyes, to stay at the River-side boarding house, but he never told any one how this mischievous little humorist of a girl had tried the charm of mystery as a means of gaining that appreciation which her intellect, if not her appearance, deserved.

The Professor at the Beauty Table

IN color and texture, the skin of the hand is only secondary in importance to that of the face, and owing to the hard usage to which it is often exposed, constant care is required to keep it in good condition.

Extremes of temperature should be avoided, especially splashing the hands in hot and cold water alternately.

Never "just rinse" your hands, as it only serves to grind the dirt in, and make the hands rough, coarse and red. They should be washed thoroughly in tepid or warm water, and if the water isn't soft, ammonia or powdered borax should be used.

DEAR PROFESSOR:

When I was a little girl we always had a supply of camphor-ice in the house, and I remember how soothing it was. Now I am alone in the city and long for that kind of soothing, but I have no idea how the camphor-ice is made. Will you be so kind as to tell me?

BEACHMONT.

AN excellent way to make camphor-ice is to melt in a water bath one ounce each of white wax and spermaceti, two ounces of camphor gum, and a pound of sweet almond oil. Mix all together and rub them thoroughly in a mortar, allowing a pound of rosewater to flow in slowly while triturating. Of course this gives a large amount, but it keeps indefinitely and you can be soothed to your heart's content.

DEAR PROFESSOR:

For the first time in my life I have been troubled with rough hands this Winter, and I wish you would tell me what I should do to soften them and keep them in good condition.

D. E. S.

PURE mutton tallow and almond oil in equal quantities make a first-class cream for keeping the skin of the hands soft and in good, healthy condition. To make it more agreeable it is well to add a few drops of your favorite perfume. This cream will also be beneficial to the finger nails if well massaged under them, pushing the skin back from the base of the nails with an orangewood stick. These sticks can be bought cheaply in any first-class drug store.

Every woman will want to read the minute description of Mrs. Roosevelt's inauguration ball gown in next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

Hearst's Boston American Pattern

A Charming Suggestion

—FOR A—

Shirt-Waist Suit

Nos. 2,769-2,758—Fashion decrees that the shirt-waist suit shall enjoy undiminished favor during the coming season and simple frocks of this description bid fair to supersede the tailor-made gown whose popularity is on the wane. For school, business and general wear, for mid-week and ceremonious outside, comfort and good appearance are unitary. For illustration, is the model shown will develop well in cloth, chambray, taffeta or Bedfordcord. Should a Summer suit be desired, cretonne, one of the many pretty cotton crepes or fine linen will answer admirably. The waist is cut in seven sizes, 32 to 44 inches bust measure, and is made short at the waist-line. If a thin goods is to be used the skirt should be cut with a fitted lining and flounce. The material for medium size required is 9¾ yards 36 inches wide.

Pattern No. 2,769—Six sizes, from 32 to 42 inches bust.

Pattern No. 2,758—Seven sizes, from 20 to 32 inches waist.

Send 10 cents to obtain either of these patterns, or 20 cents for the two together, properly filled out coupon below to HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN PATTERN DEPT. P. O. Box 2390, Boston, Mass.

No. 2,769-2,758.

SIZE.....

NAME.....

ADDRESS.....

MID-WEEK NEWS OF THE THEATRES

"The Case of Rebellious Susan" Presented at the Colonial.

SOME SHOWS NEXT WEEK

"The Case of Rebellious Susan" was presented last night at the Colonial Theatre by Charles Wyndham, Mary Moore and their London company. Although it is quite a long time since the play has been seen in this city, it was once familiar here. It is a typical Henry Arthur Jones comedy, with a simple plot, a somewhat involved treatment, and much brighter dialogue, that suggests more than it actually says.

The theatre was crowded last night with an audience distinctly fashionable in its composition, yet it was one very ready with its applause. The performance was worthy of it. Notable character work was done by several members of the company, and the chief roles must be very congenial ones to the stars. Wyndham's performance of Sir Richard Kato was as perfect a bit of high comedy as one could wish to see, seeming ingenuous, really subtle.

Miss Moore as Lady Susan was quite delightful, playing with a delicate perception of character and in the temper of true comedy. Alfred Hinsley's Sir Joseph was an admirable piece of work, one of the best pieces of character acting that has been seen here in many a day.

"The Case of Rebellious Susan" will be given at every performance this week except at the Saturday matinee, when "David Garrick" will be the bill. Next Monday Eleanor Robson comes to the Colonial in "Merely Mary Ann."

Boston Theatre.

Only four performances remain to be given of "Quincy Adams Sawyer" at the Boston, and those who have not yet seen this popular New England play will have to make the most of the little time left. Next week this theatre will be given over to the grand opera season, and the stars of the Metropolitan Opera House company will appear and the list of operas announced is a notable one.

Majestic Theatre.

DeWolf Hopper and "Wang" will go away from the Majestic after Saturday night's performance, and then will come "Pif, Paf, Pouf," which made such a hit when it was here a couple of months ago that its return will be very welcome to the lovers of the light musical show. In the meantime, "Wang" is crowding the theatre to the doors at every performance.

Hollis Street Theatre.

Lillian Russell has made a great hit in "Lady Teazle" at the Hollis Street Theatre, and is delighting her admirers as she has not had a chance to do in a long time. The character of Lady Teazle fits her perfectly, she is just as youthful and charming as ever, she has an excellent company, and the opera is staged in the most gorgeous fashion.

Tremont Theatre.

E. S. Willard will limit his performances of "The Brighter Side" at the Tremont to the present week. He will give "The Middleman" on Monday and Tuesday evenings and at the Wednesday matinee next week, "David Garrick" on Wednesday evening, "The Professor's Love Story" Thursday and Friday evenings and at the Saturday matinee, and "Tom Pinch" on Saturday night.

Park Theatre.

Clasie Loftus is proving a very popular attraction at the Park Theatre, and is drawing large audiences. "The Serio-Comic Governess" is marked by the Zangwill touch of cleverness, and abounds in bright lines and entertaining situations. The performance is excellent, and Miss Loftus's imitations are as greatly appreciated as ever.

Globe Theatre.

Nat M. Wills has scored a marked popular hit at the Globe Theatre in "A Son of Rest," and is entertaining audiences that are testing the capacity of the house. His play is an amusing one and Mr. Wills is a comedian possessing decided gifts as a fun maker. Next week, "In Old Kentucky."

Keith's Theatre.

The Dumonds, a trio of Italian street singers and musicians, at Keith's this week, are one of the best organizations of the kind seen in vaudeville. One of the trio gives a really remarkable exhibition of playing on the violin. The surrounding show is up to the usual Keith standard and is plentifully supplied with comedy.

Empire Theatre.

The bill at the Empire Theatre this week is an attractive one. A great deal of interest has been manifested in the workings of the "Magic Kettle" and the various illusions things accomplished by its manipulator. Isabelle Urquhart gives a bright little play in "Even Stephen," and Daly Mayers and other features of a pleasing sort.

Grand Opera House.

"Her First False Step" has proved one of the best liked offerings of the season at the Grand Opera House. It is an interesting and exciting play, well strong and well told story and well handled situations. An excellent performance is given by the company. Next week, "Only a Shop Girl."

Howard Athenaeum.

The bill at the Howard this week has received the enthusiastic appreciation of the patrons of this house, and has been simply crowded at every performance. Many of the acts are of the high vaudeville variety. The Gardiner-Vincent act has made one of the hits of the season, and the house burlesquers are giving a very entertaining show.

Castle Square Theatre.

"The Eternal City" will be given its last performance at the Castle Square Theatre on Saturday night, so not many opportunities remain for seeing the performance in the Hall Caine drama. A good performance is given by the stock company. Pinero's "The Magistrate" will be put on next week.

Bowdoin Square Theatre.

"The Little Church Around the Corner," at the Bowdoin Square, is one of the most attractive offerings this house has made in some time. Next week the play will be "A Working Girl's Wrongs."

Columbia Music Hall.

Little Egypt's Own Burlesquers are providing entertainment much to the taste of the patrons of the Columbia this week. The burlesques are snappy and the olio is a good one.

Lyceum Theatre.

A good show is being given by the Cherry Blossoms Burlesquers at the Lyceum. The comedians of the company are entertaining, the girls are pretty, and the singing is attractive.

Palace Theatre.

The Indian Maidens company is furnishing pleasing entertainment at the Palace Theatre, and is attracting large audiences. The burlesquers are really funny and the olio is an excellent one.

SCARLET LIES! SCARLET LIES! SCARLET LIES!

Greatest Love Story of the Day Begins in Boston American Next Saturday.

DON'T FAIL TO READ THIS

"'Tis Love that Makes the World go 'round."

Perhaps!

Sometimes Love makes the World, instead of "going 'round," turn some pretty sharp corners, square, acutely angular, and even criss-cross.

There's a lot of other things that nowadays influence the orbit of the world's rotation. For instance, MONEY and HATE and CHANCE and VILLANY.

Well, here's how it came about, anyway:

Stephen Holland was known as the luckiest man in Boston.

He had Birth, Breeding and a Bank Account, about ten million. That ought to satisfy almost any young man of five and twenty, but first of all he had the love of Mary Armstrong, only daughter of Robert Armstrong, the multi-millionaire manufacturer.

Her parents approved their daughter's choice. There wasn't a cloud on the horizon of their roseate future.

And then—

Well, Envy, Hatred and All Uncharitable Ness appeared.

The serpent entered the Garden of Eden, and trouble began at once.

Now don't you want to know all about the matter?

It's just a tale, a romance, a serial novel, but one of the greatest love stories ever written.

It's called "SCARLET LIES," and it's by the author of "Married to Mystery."

And it will begin in the BOSTON AMERICAN next Saturday.

If you want to be the first to read the greatest love story of the day—one that everybody will be talking about, don't fail to get the first instalment, which will appear on Saturday.

Don't lose track of the adventures of Stephen Holland and his sweetheart, Mary Armstrong, or you'll regret it all your life.

HALF A LOAF FOR 2 CHILDREN

Half a loaf of bread for two hungry, ill clad, shivering children to eat, with the oldest, a six-year-old boy, calmly trying to make a fire out of bits of paper and matches, was the situation in the home of Patrick Hanley, of No. 3 Gordon street, Dorchester, as described in Dorchester District Court to-day by Officer Crittenden, of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children.

The case was that of Willie Hanley, six years old, and his three-year-old sister, Mamie, charged with being neglected children.

Plump woman should wear gowns that will make them look slender. Mrs. Osborn, creator of fashions for the fashionable women of America, tells them how in next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

TOOK HIS BIBLE, GAVE HIM WIFE

PORTLAND, Me., March 2.—"They beat me and took away my Bible, and now they give me a woman for a wife I never saw until last week," said William Schwartz, a young Hebrew member of the Chestnut Street Methodist Church, who says a suit for separate maintenance brought against him by Rebecca Loff Schriber is part of a plot by Portland Hebrews to ruin him for changing his faith.

The highest-grade, lowest-priced clothing that bears the Union Label is Morse-made.

There is no substitute for a black suit when the special occasion arises for its use.

Whether for day or night functions or just ordinary, regular wear our stock of black clothes meets every need.

Single or double-breasted, hard or soft-faced worsteds, $10 to $25.

3-button cutaway Suits, $12 to $25.

Prince Albert Coats and Vests, $20 to $25.

Evening Dress Suits, $25 to $35.

Tuxedo Suits, $21 and $22.

And as far as fit, quality and style are concerned all you need to know is that these, like all our clothes, are Morse-made.

We're ready with new Spring clothes, hats, shoes and furnishings.

Everything That Men and Boys Wear.

Morse

Designers and Makers of "Superior" Ready-to-Wear Union-Made Clothing

Washington and Brattle Streets

WHITE BENEFIT ASSOCIATION

A. L. Fletcher was chosen president of the R. H. White Company Mutual Benefit Association for the ensuing year at the annual election of officers. Others elected were: Vice-president, W. F. Ayers; secretary, Miss J. L. McClusky; treasurer, Charles S. Lewis; directors, G. R. Leghorn, D. Hersh, E. J. Sawyer, C. W. Hopkins, John McKeown, Miss D. H. Dewis, Miss K. Glancey, Mrs. G. H. Tappan, L. Frank Johnson, John H. Sommerville.

A large hall is to be engaged for the annual spring entertainment and dance of the association, which is to be held shortly. Enormous crowds always attend the affair, and in previous years the halls have been entirely too small to accommodate the people. Last year hundreds were turned away and refused admission.

The financial condition of the association, as reported by the treasurer, is excellent, although during the past year the sick benefit funds have made large inroads into the fund. The increasing membership, of course, is partly responsible for the large amounts of benefits paid to the sick or disabled, but the officers of the organization are well satisfied with their work, and receive the hearty co-operation of the firm, which is strongly in favor of the association.

THE VALUE OF CHARCOAL

Few People Know How Useful it is in Preserving Health and Beauty.

Nearly everybody knows that charcoal is the safest and most efficient disinfectant and purifier in nature, but few realize its value when taken into the human for the same cleansing purpose.

Charcoal is a remedy that the more you take of it the better; it is not a drug at all, but simply absorbs the gases and impurities always present in the stomach and bowels and carries them out of the system.

Charcoal sweetens the breath after smoking, drinking or after eating onions and other odorous vegetables.

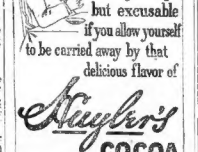
Charcoal effectually clears and improves the complexion, it whitens the teeth and further acts like a natural and eminently safe cathartic.

It absorbs the injurious gases which collect in the stomach and bowels; it disinfects the mouth and throat from the poison of catarrh.

All druggists sell charcoal in one form or another, but probably the best charcoal and the most for the money is in Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges; they are composed of the finest powdered Willow charcoal, and other harmless antiseptics in tablet form or rather in the form of large, pleasant tasting lozenges, the charcoal being mixed with honey.

The daily use of these lozenges will soon tell in a most marked improved condition of the general health, better complexion, sweeter breath and purer blood, and the beauty of it is that no possible harm can result from their continued use, but on the contrary great benefit.

A Buffalo physician in speaking of the benefits of charcoal, says: "I advise Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges to all patients suffering from gas in stomach and bowels, and to clear the complexion and purify the breath, mouth and throat; I also believe the liver is greatly benefited by the daily use of them; they cost but twenty-five cents a box at drug stores, and although in some sense a patent preparation, yet I believe I get more and better charcoal in Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges than in any of the ordinary charcoal tablets."



It is not good form to smack your lips—but excusable if you allow yourself to be carried away by that delicious flavor of

Huyler's COCOA AND CHOCOLATE.

— ALL GROCERS. —

SMITH'S RESTAURANT 50 TEMPLE PLACE

Our Voting Contest is becoming very interesting. The four most popular employees in Boston, get each a fine Bouquet of 36 orsers free. Come and Vote for Your Friends.

AMUSEMENTS.

HOLLIS ST. THEATRE

Isaac B. Rich, Proprietor and Manager.

ONLY THIS WEEK.

Tonight at 8. Only Matinee Saturday at 2.

The same beautiful production of

LILLIAN RUSSELL

in the New York Casino Comic Opera Success,

LADY TEAZLE

100—ONE HUNDRED PEOPLE—100

60—BEAUTIFUL CASINO GIRLS—60

COLONIAL THEATRE

Chas. Frohman, Rich & Harris, Lessees & Mgrs.

LAST WEEK.

CHARLES FROHMAN presents

CHARLES WYNDHAM—MARY MOORE

AND THEIR LONDON COMPANY.

Evenings at 8.15. Matinees Wednesday and Saturday at 2.15.

Tonight, Fri. and Sat. nights, "The Case of Rebellious Susan." Sat. Mat., "David Garrick." Mon. Mary Moore in her original part Lady Jean.

March 6 ELEANOR ROBSON in MERELY MARY ANN

SEATS NOW ON SALE.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

Matinee To-day

Mats. Tues., Thurs., Sat. at 2

HER FIRST FALSEHOOD

Evenings at 8

Next Week—"Only a Shop Girl."

Child Rescued from Lions

Evgs 20c, 30c, 50c, 75c. Mats. 20c, 25c, 50c.

AMUSEMENTS.

BOSTON THEATRE

LAWRENCE McCARTY.....Lessee and Mgr.

High-Class Attractions at Fair Prices.

25-35-50-75 ORCHESTRA $1.00 ALL

LAST 3 DAYS

QUINCY ADAMS SAWYER

The Best New England Play Ever Written.

ALL THE OLD FAVORITES.

BIG PRODUCTION.

LAST MAT. SAT.

SINGLE TICKET SALE FOR

GRAND OPERA

Opens To-day, 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.

Mon. Eve., Mar. 6.....Lucia di Lammermoor

Tues. Eve., Mar. 7.....Faust

Wed. Eve., Mar. 8. Double Bill.....

Cavalleria Rusticana and Pagliacci

Thurs. Mon., Mar. 9.....Faust

Thurs. Eve., Mar. 9.....Lucia di Lammermoor

Friday Eve., Mar. 10.....La Gioconda

Sat. Mat., Mar. 11.....Les Huguenots

Sat. Eve., Mar. 11.....Die Meistersinger

PRICES:

	Parquet	Other Portions
Orchestra	$10.00	$5.00
Orchestra Circle	7.00	5.00
Balcony, 1st and 2d Rows	10.00	5.00
Balcony, 3, 4, 5, 6 Rows	7.00	5.00
Second Balcony	5.00	3.00
Gallery	2.00	1.00

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WANG

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Try the Laugh Cure Seats Now Selling

PIFF PAFF POUF

And Away Will Go Your Cares

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Thompson Attie, Gardner and Vincent, Howard Sisters, Ed. Dillon, Pauline Moran, Howard Bros., Nina D'Elmore, St. John and La Pearl, and other star variety acts, the burlesquers in the merry frolic, "Live Wires." Mary Wise and Susie Smithers, with new verses.

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A Story of Real Life in Three Acts.

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BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN

BEST STORY AND PICTURES OF THE INAUGURATION.

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FOR THE BEST SUNDAY NEWSPAPER IN NEW ENGLAND

The President and His Family

The Chief Magistrate of the United States at his desk and in the bosom of his family. Illustrated page feature in next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

The Body of America's First Naval Hero

Now lies in almost forgotten Paris cemetery. A bill is now before Congress to bring it home. Illustrated page feature in next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

HOW UNCLE SAM HAS GROWN IN 129 YEARS

The progress since Washington's time graphically illustrated. Double page feature in next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

Mrs. Roosevelt's Gown for the Ball

The wonderful dress of brocade that was woven especially for the President's wife to wear at the inauguration ball. Illustrated page feature in next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

She Was Married on the Stage

Bath girl who amazed Bath society by the manner of her marriage tells why she did so. Illustrated page feature in next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

For Homeless Cats and Dogs

Rich New York society woman founding a real hospital to house the tramps of dog-dom and the cat world. Illustrated page feature in next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

CAN MARRIAGE BE MADE SCIENTIFIC?

Shall laws be made restricting and regulating marriages? Remarkable symposium in next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

A Comic Opera Song and a Jury

How a comedian's patter song upset an alibi and caused a jury to bring in a verdict of guilty. Illustrated page feature in next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

A Hospital Full of Love

Love laughs at rules as a locksmiths. Doctors and nurse in Baltimore hospital violated the little blind god. Illustrated page feature in next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

A Honeymoon By Telephone

The story of an octogenarian millionaire who took a bride to outwit scheming relatives and now woos her by wire. Illustrated page feature in next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

Things Which Will Interest Women

Next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN will be full of them. Wheeler Wilcox, Dorothy Dix, Winifred Black and Mrs. Osborn write exclusively for the BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

How Shop Girl Lived on $6 a Week

Diary of a girl who worked in a department store and made ends meet and enjoyed life on a small salary. Illustrated feature in next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

GOWNS TO MAKE PLUMP WOMEN LOOK SLENDER

A page feature by Mrs. Osborn, creator of fashions for the fashionable women of America, in next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

The Funniest Comic Section Published

Swinnerton introduces you to another funny character, Sam, who makes his first bow in fun company in the great Comic Section of next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

Women and Business Etiquette

How people should regulate their conduct in business hours, by Linda Hull Larned, author of "The Hostess of To-day," in next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

A 50-Cent Piece of Sheet Music Free

"Down in the Subway," as sung by May Yohe, has made a hit. It is given away free with every copy of next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

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Cut out the free insurance coupon printed in every copy of the BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN, and protect yourself and your family financially against injury or death.

HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN

WILLIAM RANDOLPH HEARST

80 AND 82 SUMMER ST., BOSTON, MARCH 2, 1905.

Mr. Rockefeller Studied the Ways of the Ant

And if You Would Get What Is YOUR DUE You Should Either Study Mr. Rockefeller or the Ant

John D. Rockefeller is as industrious in the pursuit of what he is after as the ANT OF THE PROVERBS.

Mr. Rockefeller is a close reader of the Bible, and before he began to build money-making machines he studied the ant, considered her ways and got wise.

If the victims of some of Mr. Rockefeller's machines had looked out for themselves as carefully as Mr. Rockefeller looks after his implements of turning the things of the earth and under the earth into money, they would now be able-bodied citizens, and Mr. Rockefeller's activities would be turned in other directions.

A few days ago the Long Island Railroad decided to raise its passenger fares. There was a wild cry of anger from the passengers. They wrote letters to the newspapers, and the newspapers voiced their protests.

Then there was a call for a mass meeting. The idea of the mass meeting was to send messengers to Albany for relief. From the preliminary agitation the enthusiastic fighters feared no hall in Brooklyn would be large enough to hold the angry commuters.

The meeting was held, and NOT TWENTY PERSONS WERE PRESENT. The others were busy, EACH for HIMSELF, trying to pick up an extra dollar or trying to spend a dollar that was burning his pockets.

Now, if Mr. Rockefeller had lived on Long Island, and if he had been a fare payer instead of a pass user, he would have attended that meeting.

The Long Island road mass meeting is typical, unfortunately. The average American is good-natured, and so long as a man leaves him part of his wealth or his liberty or his right, and DOES NOT BOAST that he is taking part away from him, he goes on his way rejoicing.

The Long Island Railway management knows this weakness and profits by it.

Ten years one-fourth of the people of New York got jammed into the cars every night and morning. They stood it at first because they were promised better things. Then they came to regard it as part of the fixed system of transportation, and now, when not fainting from exhaustion, they laugh at the crush and boast of their strength in being able to keep alive. If they had Mr. Rockefeller's persistency, they would have taken measures at the first crush to stop it forever, and they would never have let up until they got WHAT THEY WANTED.

But the transportation management is wise as to its patrons. It promised and waited, and no longer has to promise, for the public accepts the hog-like system as a necessary part of travel inconvenience.

In Chicago several years ago half a dozen firms agreed to control the supply of beef in the United States and to fix the price. The people paid no attention at first. Those not hit directly did not care. Yellow newspapers made a disturbance, but the people were indifferent. And the Beef Trust managers were persistent and industrious, like Mr. Rockefeller is, and kept driving for what they wanted.

Then a fight began, and even yet the people are not thoroughly aroused to the fact that each man who buys a pound of meat is being robbed.

No man likes to admit that he is being unjustly treated. It is a confession of helplessness. IF THE AVERAGE MAN CAN KEEP HIS VANITY, HE IS WILLING TO PART WITH ALL ELSE.

If all of us, realizing and admitting we are robbed, would start out to see that the robbery was stopped, the law would put the Beef Trust out of business in thirty days.

If all of us were as keen in standing for what are our rights under the law as Mr. Rockefeller is persistent in seeking what he believes to be his own, there would be no outcries against oppression of Beef, or Standard Oil, or Steel.

Standard Oil might be a big corporation, as big as it is now, but it would be a fair-dealing corporation, because we would make it play fair. Great Beef combinations there might be, but the farmer would make it pay him a fair price for his cattle, and the consumer would make it sell him meat at a fair rate.

And as soon as Standard Oil and Beef and Steel saw that the people would not permit themselves to be oppressed, they would put up the motto, "Honesty is the best policy," AND DO BUSINESS WITH IT ON THE TOP OF EVERY BILLHEAD.

But to get what is our right and keep it we must each of us be as industrious and as persistent as Mr. Rockefeller.

And if you dislike Mr. Rockefeller so much that you do not care to take any lesson from him—

"Go to the ant, thou sluggard; consider her ways, and be wise."

You will find the rest of it in chapter vi. of the Proverbs.

Getting Something for Nothing

Congressman Sulzer at Last Puts a Stop to This Procedure.

Several years ago the National City Bank of New York bought the old Custom House from Lyman J. Gage, Secretary of the Treasury.

The price to be paid was over $3,000,000. Only $50,000 has been paid. The balance was placed to the credit of the United States, but the money remained in the City Bank. The Government always has millions in that bank.

The Government became a renter. It paid to the bank every year $132,000 rent.

The other day Mr. Sulzer made a fight to have the rent stopped. He called for a vote, and IT WAS A TIE. Tellers were called for and the motion went through.

But while the bank charged the Government rent, when the New York tax assessor tried to put the Custom House on the tax books the bank said the building belonged to the Government. It saved $75,000 in city taxes by this claim.

The point is, though, that this is one of the finest examples of fine finance. The bank got the property and never let but $50,000 slip out of its treasury for it. It passed the remainder to the credit of the Government. It has an average of, say, $15,000,000 of Government deposits. It can lend this money at a rate of 5 per cent. The interest it gets for its Government deposits is more than the price offered for the building.

TARIFF FOOD BABIES

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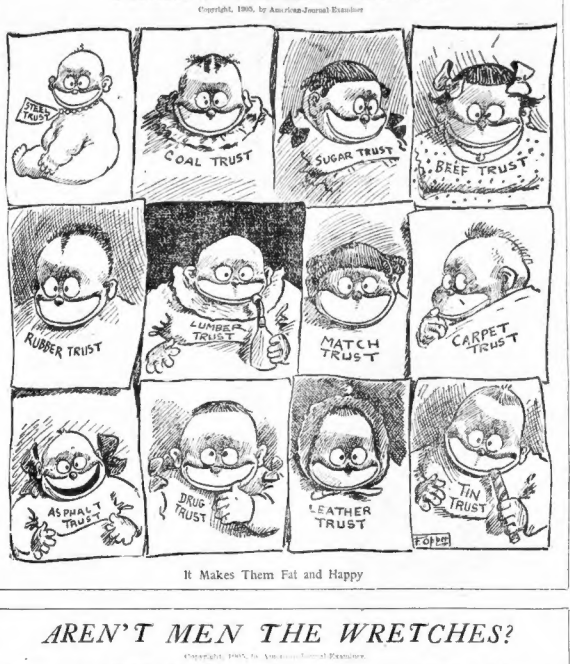

It Makes Them Fat and Happy

AREN'T MEN THE WRETCHES?

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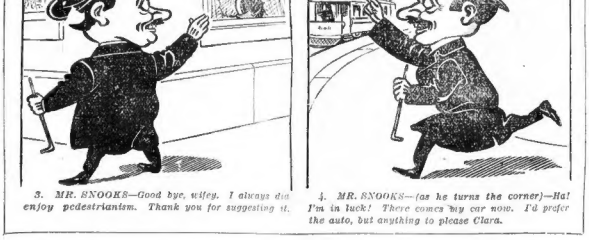
1. MRS. SNOOKS—John, dear, what you need is more exercise. I want you to commence this very morning and walk to the office.
MR. SNOOKS—If you say so, wifey, it goes.

2. MR. SNOOKS—No, Alphonse! I'll walk to the office this morning.



3. MR. SNOOKS—Good bye, wifey. I always do enjoy pedestrianism. Thank you for suggesting it.

4. MR. SNOOKS—(as he turns the corner)—Ha! I'm in luck! There comes my car now. I'd prefer the auto, but anything to please Clara.

NOW WHAT D'YE THINK OF THAT

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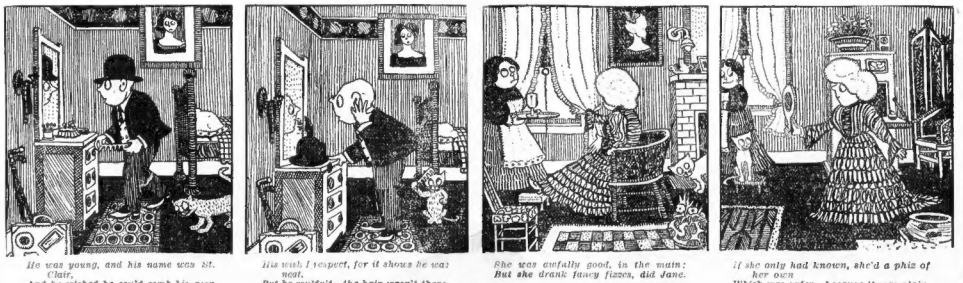

He was young, and his name was St. Clair.
And he wished he could comb his own hair.

His wish I respect, for it shows he was neat.
But he couldn't—the hair wasn't there.

She was awfully good, in the main:
But she drank fancy fizzes, did Jane.

If she only had known, she'd a phiz of her own
Which was safer—because it was plain.

Dinkelspiel's Wife Leaves a Servant Problem Unsolved

By George V. Hobart

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"My vife rushed home mit her fingers crossed."

YOU know der idea of housekeeping dese days mit der servant question is such dot nervous prostration vas forefer sitting on der doorstep, und palpitation of der heart has built a nest in der butler's pantry.

My vife set to me der udder day dot ve should haf a new servant vich should make herself useless aboud der place, so she vent ofer to vun of dose Intelligence Offices.

Dey call dese places Intelligence Offices because der more intelligence you haf ven you go dare der less you haf ven you leave dare.

"Guten morgen!" set my vife ven she valked in.

"Ve gebts!" set der lady Manageress of der intelligence legation; "dit you vish to see somevun?"

"If I dit I get my vish," set my vife, pleasantly.

"You vas here for some purpose no doubt, yes?" inkvired der Manageress.

"I vish to engage a servant," set my vife.

"Name, please!" set der Manageress.

"I dosn't care if her name vas Hedda of Troy, so long vot she does der vork," my vife responded.

"I mean your name," set der Manageress.

"Mrs. Dinkelspiel," my vife tolt her.

"Married or single?" inkvired der Manageress.

"Vider," responded my vife; "I am a simple life."

"I mean dit you vant a married or single servant," set der Manageress.

"Married," set my vife, "because her husband may be alive und in dot case she vill not vant to go oudt Tuesdays, Thursdays und Sundays und lose her money if she meets him."

"Do you keep udder servants?" inkvired der Manageress.

"Vunce ve kept a cook for six months because she fell off der porch und broke her ankle," responded my vife.

"Vas you kind to your help?" inkvired der Manageress.

"Ve never has vun long enough to learn how to put her on der back," my vife set. "Nowadays it seems to be der fashion for servants to talk in der house, run deir fingers ofer der piano to see is it in tune, eggsamine der bricke bac carefeesly, und den mit a harsh glance at der kitchen put on deir rubbers und exit laughingly."

Der lady Manageress raised her eyebrows slightly a leedle to der North py a point East of North.

"Vot kind of a servant dit you vish?" inkvired der Manageress.

"I vant an adhesive servant," set my vife.

"Adhesive," set der Manageress, shuddering slightly.

"Adhesive," my vife repetitioned.

"We haf a few Swedes und Norvegians, but no adhesives," set der Manageress, coldly. "How vould vun from Bulgaria suit you, Madam?"

"I dosn't ere vare she comes from if her mother's name vas Mrs. Glue und her father vas vun of der Mucilage Brothers—perhaps den she vill stick," set my vife, mit much earnestness in der voice.

"Vot half a few Swedes und Norvegians, but no adhesives," set der Manageress, coldly. "How vould vun from Bulgaria suit you, Madam?"

"I vill send you vun to-morrow," set der Manageress, "und I hope you vill live together in a spirit of full und charity each to each udder—two dollars, please!"

My vife paid der money und rushed home mit her fingers crossed. Every time der word servant vas mentioned during der rest of der day my vife made all der family knock vood.

Der next morning sure enough der new servant called to look no ofer und see all der properties in life look favorable enough.

My vife set to me, "I think I vill ejoss tell her a leedle bit of her abilities und if she shows any symptoms of being intelligent vo vill put Charlotte, der cook, to vork upstairs vork und put der new vun in der kitchen."

Den my vife rushed blindly on to her fate.

"Guten morgen," she set to der applicheency for a cook, vich vas valking in der sitting room.

Der new vun bobbed her head politevorniche.

"Vot is your name, please?" my vife inkvired, feerfully.

"Vell," set der stranger, "in der last place I vorked dey called me Dimond, because I hat such an attachment for der plains, dot could suit me Nols for short."

"You haf came to see aboud looking a position as a servant in dis household, yes?" my vife inkvired, breat leessly.

"Be dot as it may you see me here, vich answers der purpose," responsed der stranger, "I vorked at our Gilsson girl sofa cushions burned on leather py der new system.

By der vay, dis reminds me, if a picture of der trees und scenery is called a landscape, und a picture of der sea und vaves is a seascape, should vun of dose Gilsson girls burned on a sofa cushion be called a dresscape?

However, let us resume our mutton chops, as ve say in French. "Vas you a good cook?" my vife asked der wisitor.

"Cook good?" eggsclaimed der stranger; "vy I can cook a lunk of roast beef till it tastes like manna fresh from der vilderness."

"Can you vaitress?" my vife vent on pleasantly.

"Vaitress?" set der stranger, schtingly.

"Yes, vaitress der table," my vife eggsplained.

"Sure," set der wisitor; "I can vaitress a table so vell dot a nibble tastes like a square meal."

"Can you also laundress?" my vife vispered.

"Can I vot?" set der wisitor.

"Can you vash und iron?" set my vife.

"Laundress?" eggsclaimed der stranger; "vy, ven dey lead me to a tub of suds I can make der veek's vash look like der display on a ribbon counter, und ven it comes to ironing I can make der bosum of a full dress shirt a bigger shine den your husband."

"Let us avoid personalities," set my vife, calmly; "can you maid und hairdress me also?"

"Can I maid," set der wisitor; "vell, certainly; und I can hairdress you mit or mit-could a rat until your topknot looks like der Queen of Sheba on her day at home."

"Can you upstairs?" my vife went on.

"Can I vot?" set der stranger.

"Can you upstairs?" my vife repetitioned. "Can you bed-make und dust und sweep?"

"Vy, I vas vun of der best upstairers dot efer opened a reference. I can find dust vare it vas nefer found before, und I can leave it dare, too," set der stranger.

"Good!" eggsclaimed my vife; "I like der vay you sound und I vill engage you. Your vages vill be twenty-two dollars a month in cash. You can vent to work at vunce."

"Vait!" set der stranger mit a glitter in der eyes. "You haf mentioned dot you vant me to cook und laundress und vaitress und maid und hairdress und upstairs. You dosn't vant vun lonesome voman like me—vot you vant is a enterprole. Vot you vant, Madam, is a human centerpede."

Und mit dis der visitor flounced from der room, slammed der front door und faded oudt of our lives forever.

My vife says dot if she hat vaited just a minute longer she vas going to cut der cards mit her to see vich shoe vould fit best.

But servants vas so emotional und so flitzetty.

Dey seem to flitzet domestic oudt of a shob before anyting can und oonly vare to put dem to work. D. DINKELSPIEL.

per George V. Hobart.

"Der new servant vailed to look in after."

Little Editorials from the People

WANTS A CAMBRIDGE SUBWAY

Editor BOSTON AMERICAN:

A subway would be more in accord with the best interests of Cambridge. I do not want to see Cambridge disfigured by an elevated road with all its noise. I want to enter Cambridge in peace as did Longfellow when he left the bridge at midnight. I do not want to see a quarter of steel and iron erected in the streets of Cambridge that will destroy the peace of the classic atmosphere that pervades the whole. Give us a subway and then Cambridge will be more beautiful.

Boston. MAX HENRY NEWMAN.

"REMEDY IS WITH THE PEOPLE"

Editor BOSTON AMERICAN:

Replying to your editorial, "If John W. Gates is not a criminal, what is he?" permit me, as one of your many readers, to venture an opinion. John W. Gates is but a product of the infamous system that has grown and lives by the consent of the American people themselves. You ironically ask, "Why should anybody interfere with a man engaged in the recognized occupation of adding to the cost of poor people's living?"

Why, indeed, should anyone interfere? Seeing that the majority of the people are anxious for a chance (and many believe that their chance may yet come) to do likewise. The people in France do not believe in and will not tolerate such a system. The people of America do, and admit they do. For years I have in my humble way fought against the system, but have become convinced that when the people of America are tired of it they will crush it, as they did the English mad king's tyranny.

I believe that the people realize that they themselves created the condition, and take their medicine like men. True it is very bitter, but if it only succeeds in purging them of the desire to be criminals of the type of the present money-mad men of to-day, they will not have suffered in vain.

Boston. A READER.